



Management Presentation

September 2021



Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

This corporate presentation contains “forward looking statements” within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this corporate presentation regarding Interbank’s business, financial condition, results of operations and certain of Interbank’s plans, objectives, assumptions, projections, expectations or beliefs and statements regarding other future events or prospects are forward-looking statements. These statements include, without limitation, those concerning: Interbank’s strategy and Interbank’s ability to achieve it; Interbank’s recent developments; expectations regarding sales, profitability and growth; Interbank’s possible or assumed future results of operations; capital expenditures and investment plans; adequacy of capital; and financing plans. In addition, this corporate presentation includes forward-looking statements relating to Interbank’s potential exposure to various types of market risks, such as macroeconomic risk, Peru specific risks, foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risks and other risks related to Interbank’s financial performance. The words “aim,” “may,” “will,” “expect,” “is expected to,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “future,” “continue,” “help,” “estimate,” “plan,” “schedule,” “intend,” “should,” “would be,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “shall,” or the negative or other variations thereof, as well as other similar expressions regarding matters that are not historical facts, are or may indicate forward-looking statements.

Interbank has based these forward-looking statements on its management’s current views with respect to future events and financial performance. These views reflect the best judgment of Interbank’s management but involve a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those predicted in Interbank’s forward-looking statements and from past results, performance or achievements. Although we believe that the estimates reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, such estimates may prove to be incorrect. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things: (a) economic, business and political developments in Peru and globally; (b) changes in Peruvian and other foreign laws and regulations, including the adoption of new capital requirements for banks; (c) increased competition in the Peruvian financial services market; (d) increased inflation; (e) exchange rate instability and government measures to control foreign exchange rates; (f) developments affecting the purchasing power of middle income consumers or consumer spending generally; (g) increases in interest rates; (h) downturns in the capital markets and changes in capital markets in general that affect policies or attitudes towards lending to Peru or Peruvian companies or securities issued by Peruvian companies; (i) Interbank’s ability to keep up with technological changes; (j) the inability to obtain the capital we need for further expansion of Interbank’s businesses; (k) the inability to attract and retain key personnel; (l) changes in tax laws; (m) severe weather, natural disasters and adverse climate changes; (n) changes in regional or global markets; (o) dependence on sovereign debt in Interbank’s investment portfolios; (p) credit and other risks of lending, such as increases in defaults of borrowers; (q) increased costs of funding or Interbank’s inability to obtain additional debt or equity financing on attractive terms or at all; (r) a deterioration in the quality of Interbank’s assets; (s) allowances for impairment losses may be inadequate; (t) changes to accounting standards; (u) dependence on information technology systems and cybersecurity risks; and (v) other risks and uncertainties.

Additionally, new risks and uncertainties can emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for Interbank to predict all future risks and uncertainties, nor can Interbank assess their potential impact. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results.

All forward-looking statements included in this corporate presentation are based on information available to Interbank on the date of this corporate presentation. Interbank undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable law. All other written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Interbank or persons acting on Interbank’s behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained throughout this corporate presentation.

Interbank prepares the financial information included in this presentation in accordance with accounting principles prescribed by the Peruvian Superintendency of Banks, Insurance and Private Pension Fund Administrators (Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y AFPs, or “SBS”) and the Peruvian Securities Commission (Superintendencia del Mercado de Valores, or “SMV”) (altogether, “Peruvian SBS GAAP” or “Local GAAP”). All financial information in this presentation regarding the relative market position and financial performance relating to us, vis-a-vis the banking sector in Peru is based, out of necessity, on information obtained from SBS statistics. In addition, for certain financial information related to our compound annual growth rate we have included such information pursuant to Peruvian SBS GAAP in order to be able to show our growth over a certain number of years. Peruvian SBS GAAP differs in certain respects from IFRS. Consequently, information presented in this presentation in accordance with Peruvian SBS GAAP or based on information from the SBS or SMV may not be comparable with financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS.



Interbank at a glance

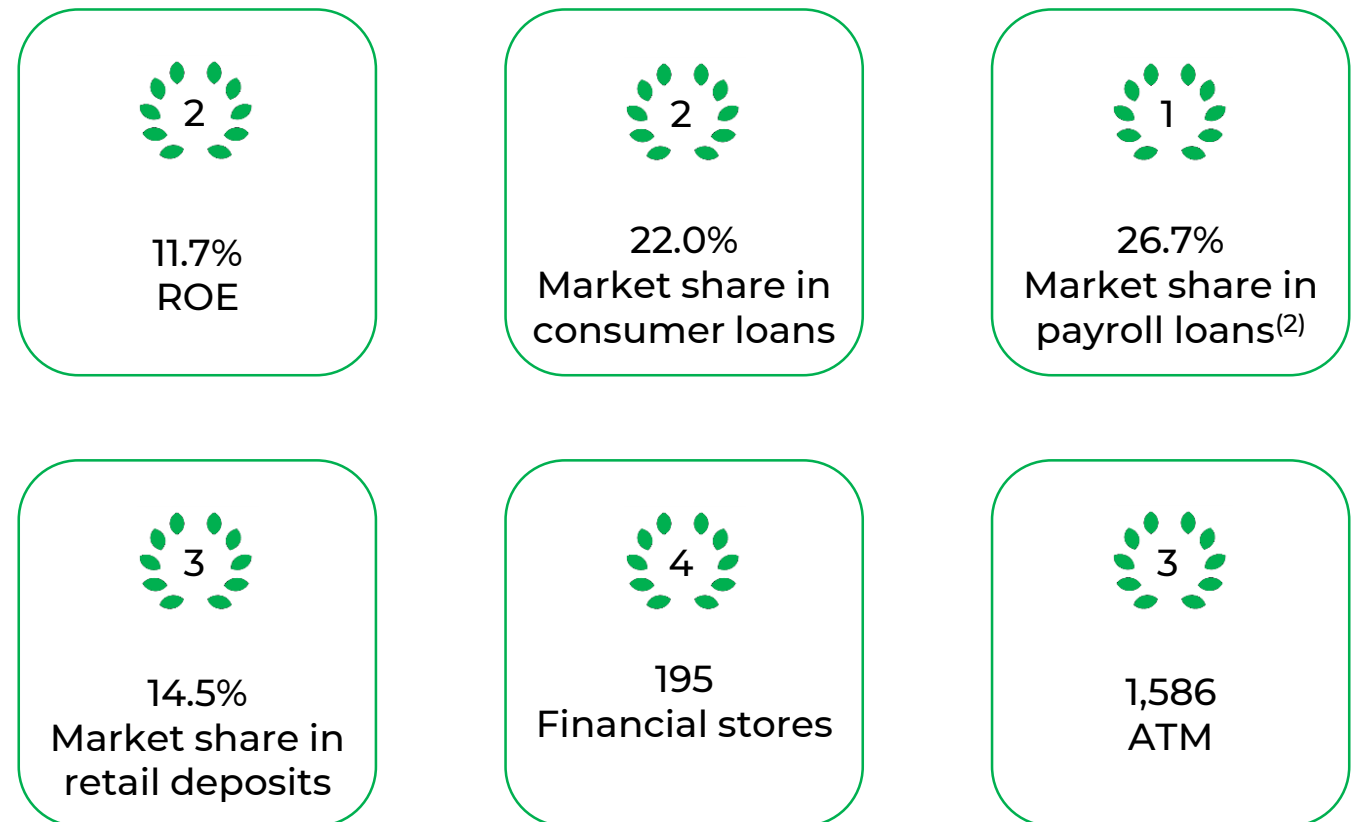
Leading bank in Peru with strong financial performance

Financial highlights

As of June 30, 2021

Assets	S/ 68,621 mm
Gross loans	S/ 41,889 mm
Deposits	S/ 45,225 mm
ROE	11.7%
Efficiency ratio	43.0%
PDL ratio	3.0%
TCR ratio	16.5%
CET1 ratio	11.5%

Leading position in the Peruvian financial system⁽¹⁾

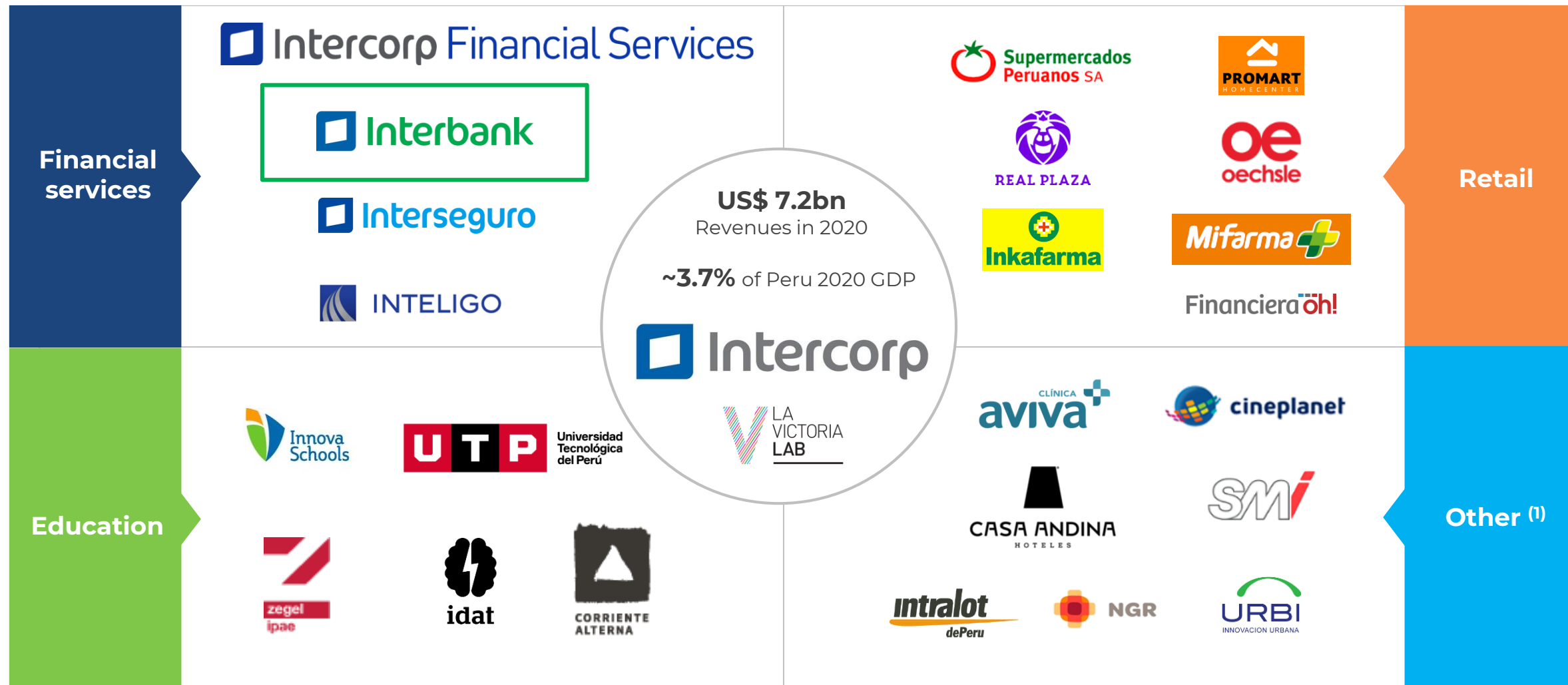


Source: Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y AFP (SBS) and Interbank as of June 30, 2021.

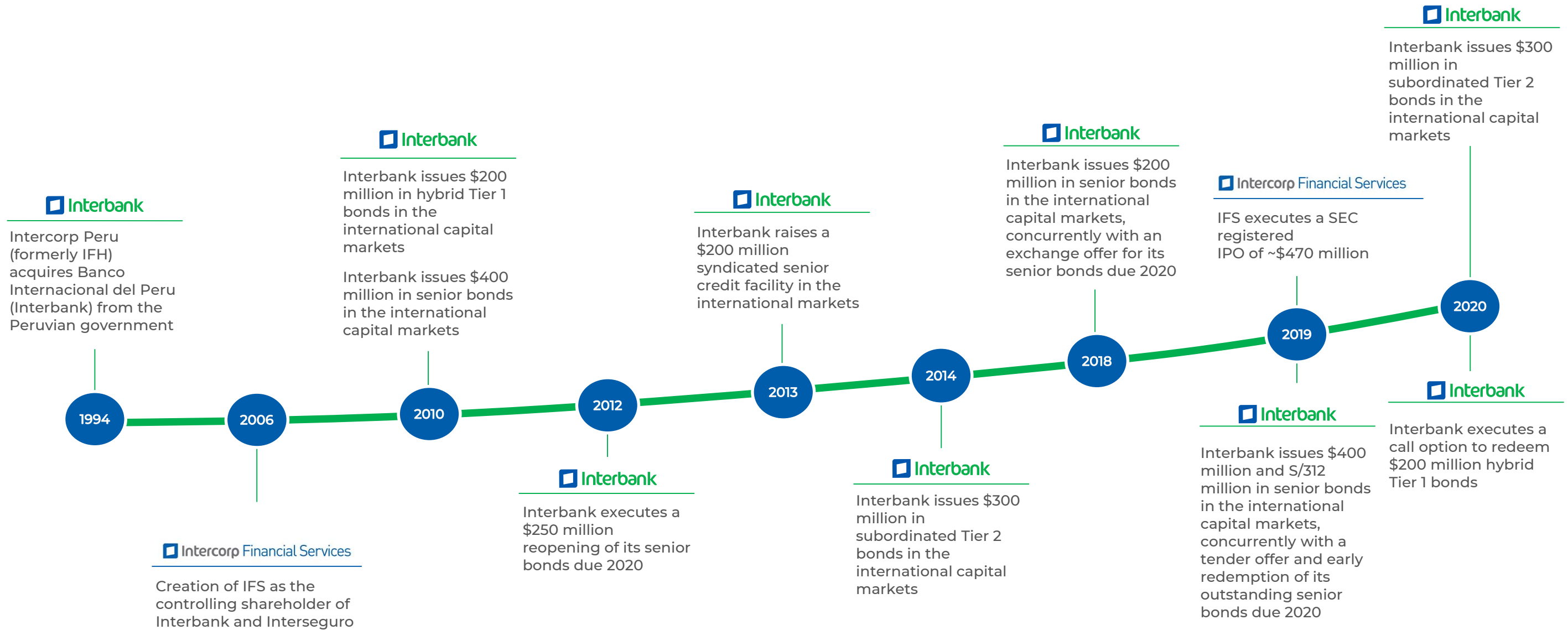
1) Ranking among four largest Peruvian banks.

2) Payroll deductible loans to public sector employees.

Intercorp Group: striving to make Peru the best place to raise a family in Latin America



Milestones in Interbank's history



Strategically positioned to capture significant growth opportunities in Peru

What differentiates us



Universal franchise with strong focus on retail



Customer centricity



Ready-to-scale omnichannel platform



Strong brand recognition



Story of sustainable growth and high profitability



Part of leading Peruvian business group



We are side by side with Peruvians so they can reach their dreams, today

How we do it



Deep knowledge of Peruvians through analytics



Digital first strategy



Innovation at the core



Trust of +4 million customers



Focus on efficiency and productivity



Unique, horizontal and agile working culture

The opportunity

32.5 million POPULATION IN PERU

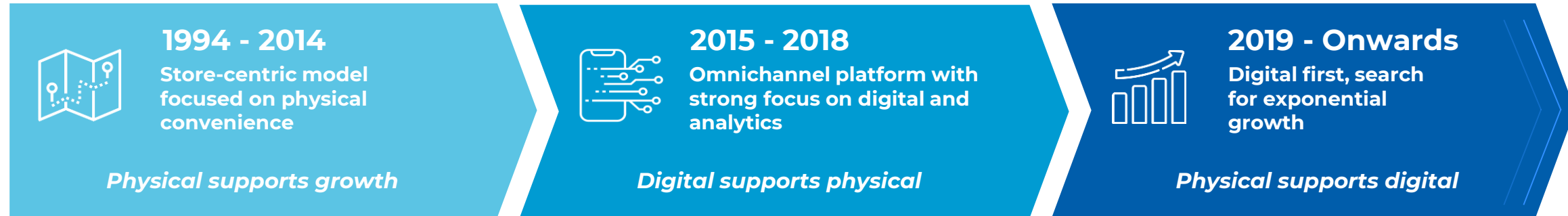
15.8 million Economically active population ⁽¹⁾

4.0 million Interbank customers

~ 9.7 million BUSINESSES IN PERU ⁽¹⁾

~ 100 thousand Interbank customers

Scalable digital platform already in place

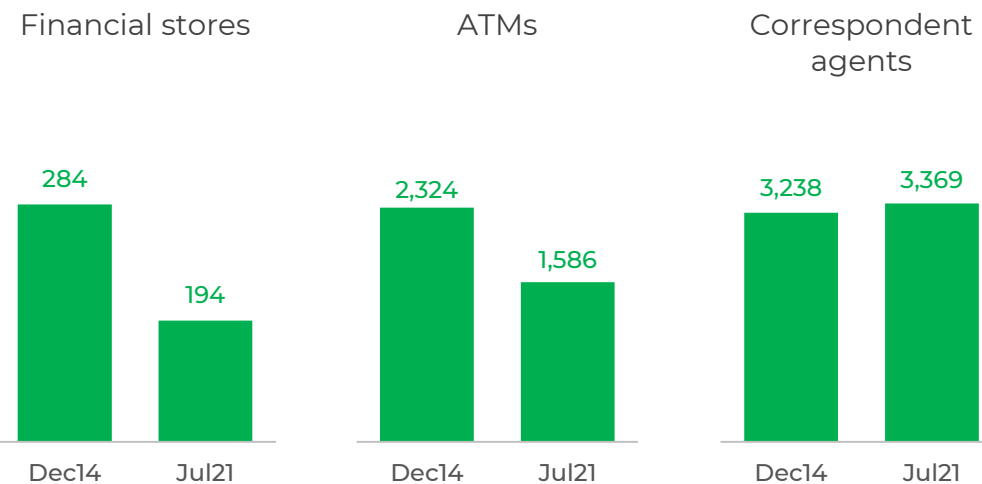


- Transactional online banking
- Monday to Sunday, from 9 am to 9 pm
- 1st agile development team (Feb. 2014)

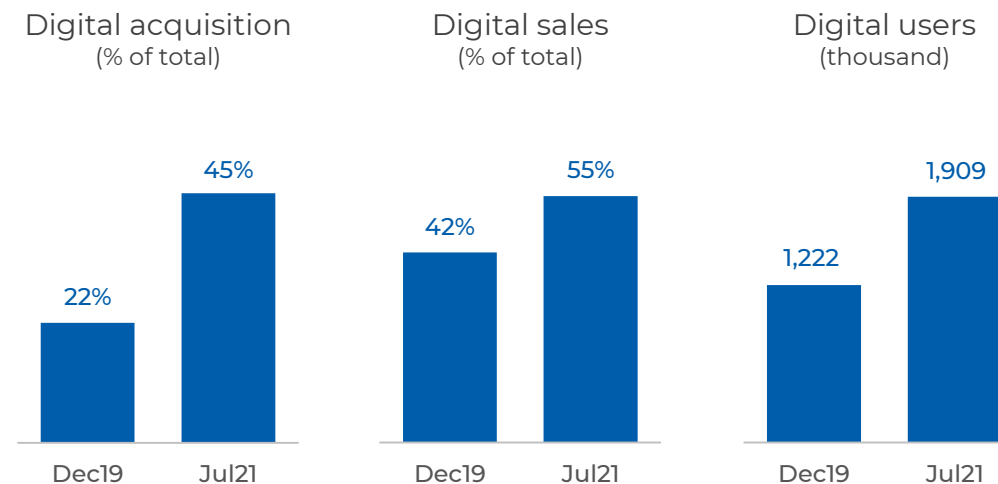
- Digital sales and self-service capabilities
- Deepening of client vision
- Launching of digital only solutions
- 3x investment in technology

- Digital capabilities in place to boost growth
- Advanced analytics and real time decision (AI)
- Enterprise agility & cloud
- Open banking model w/ microservices and APIs

Streamlining our physical presence

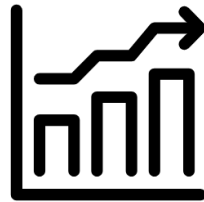


Scaling digital and analytical capabilities



Key messages

1



Economic recovery continues

2



Solid capitalization, strong liquidity and manageable dollarization

3



Strong recovery in core operating indicators

4



Digital indicators continue to support Interbank's strategy

5



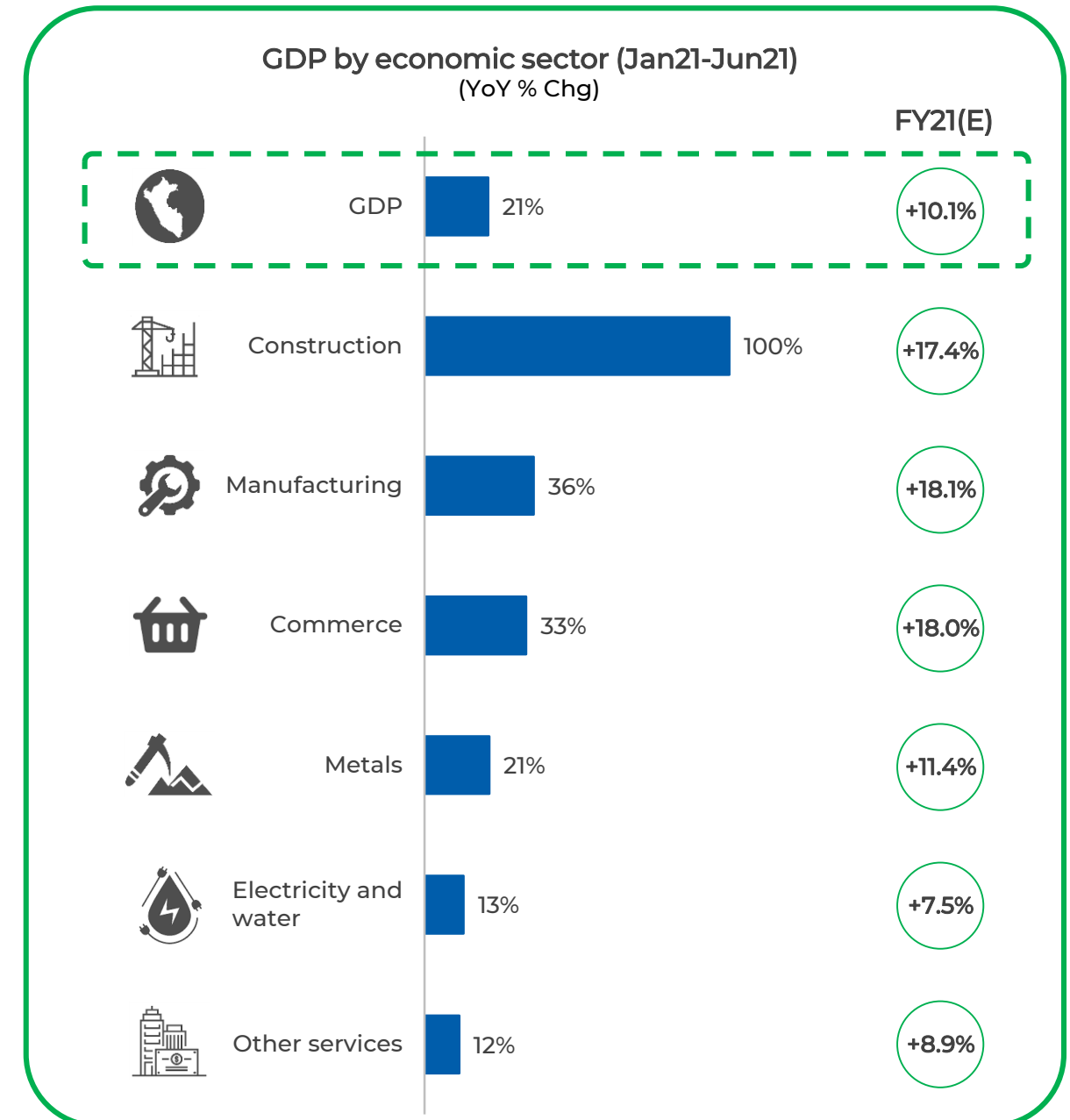
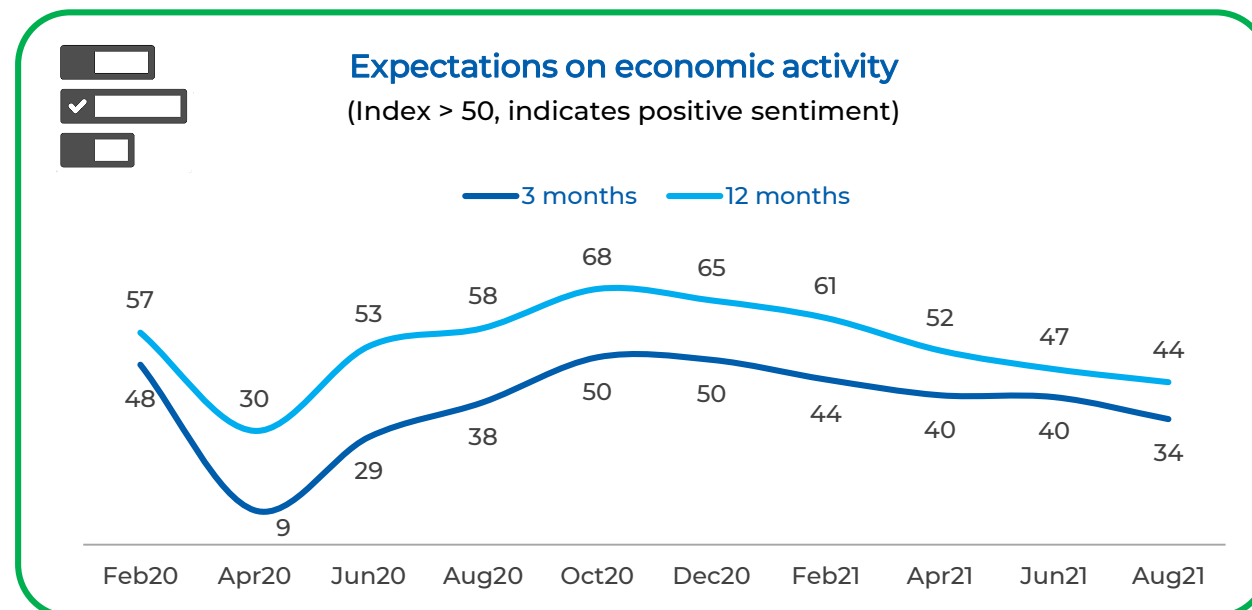
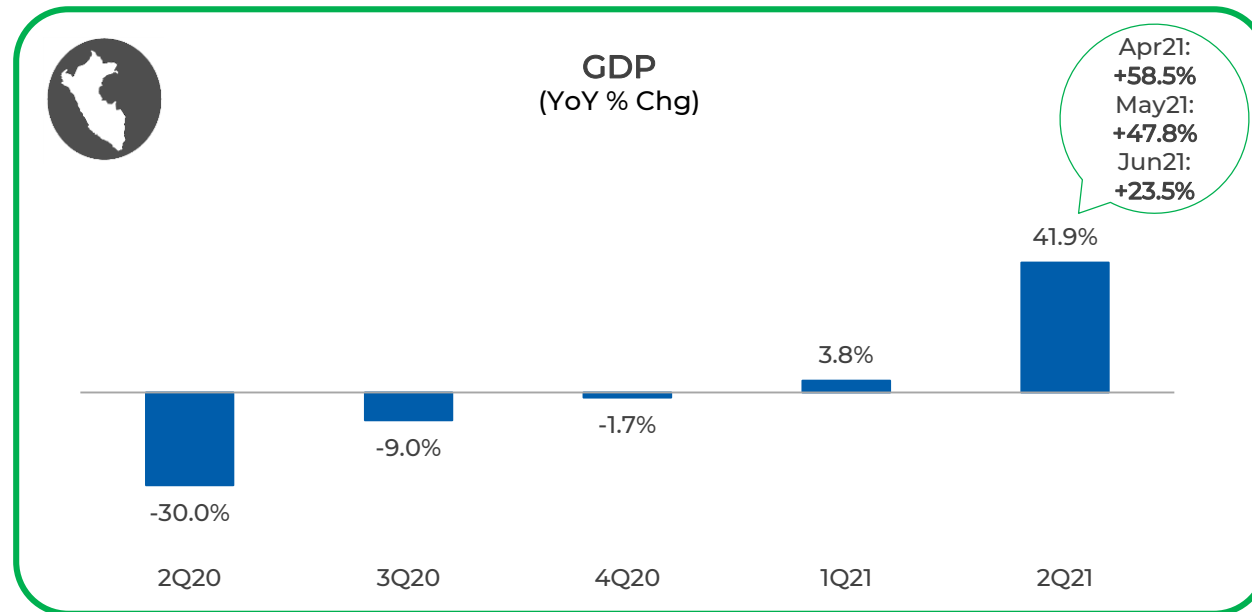
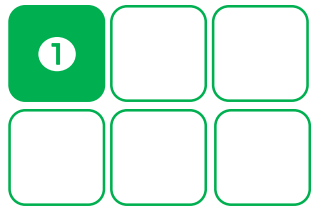
Normalizing levels of cost of risk and PDLs with adequate coverage

6

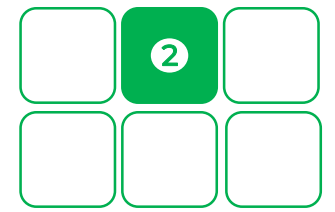


Continued focus on efficiency

GDP continues to recover



Solid capital ratios

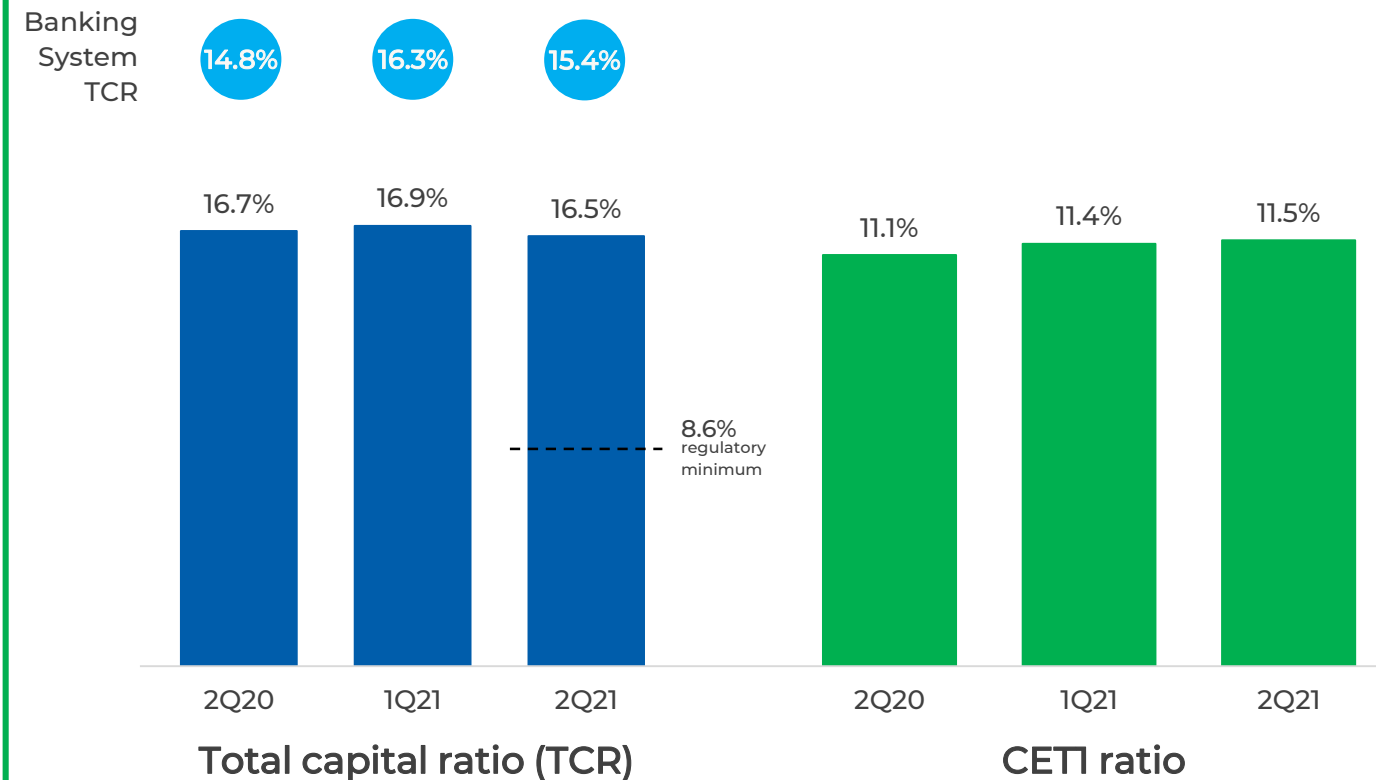


Key initiatives

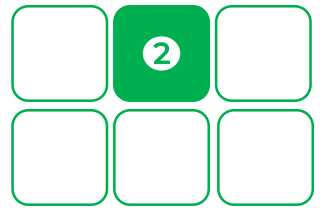
Solvency

- Capitalization of 2019 earnings to strengthen CETI and TCR ratio
- Called USD 200 million hybrid Tier 1 bond to reduce interest expense on bonds that no longer provided equity credit
- Issuance of a US\$ 300 million subordinated Tier 2 bond in July 2020 to strengthen TCR
- Interbank's capital ratio of 16.5%, above regulatory risk-adjusted minimum capital ratio requirement of 8.6%

Capital ratio evolution



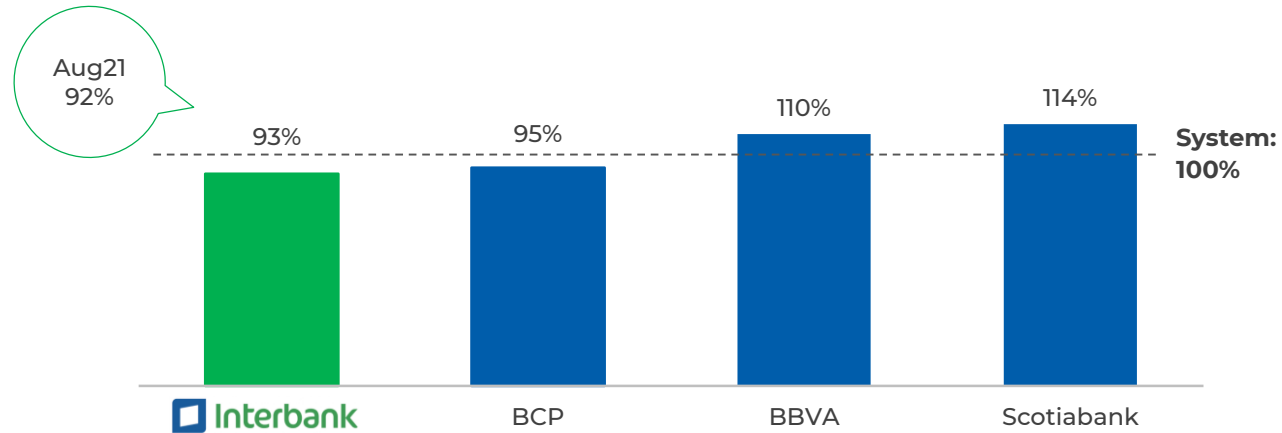
Liquidity levels remain high



Loan to deposit ratio (LDR)

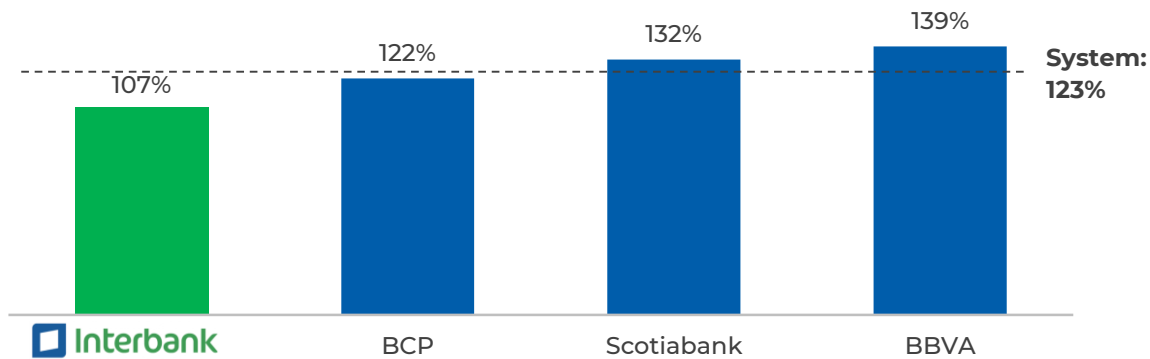
% as of June 30, 2021

Total LDR



Loan to deposit ratio PEN (LDR)

% as of June 30, 2021

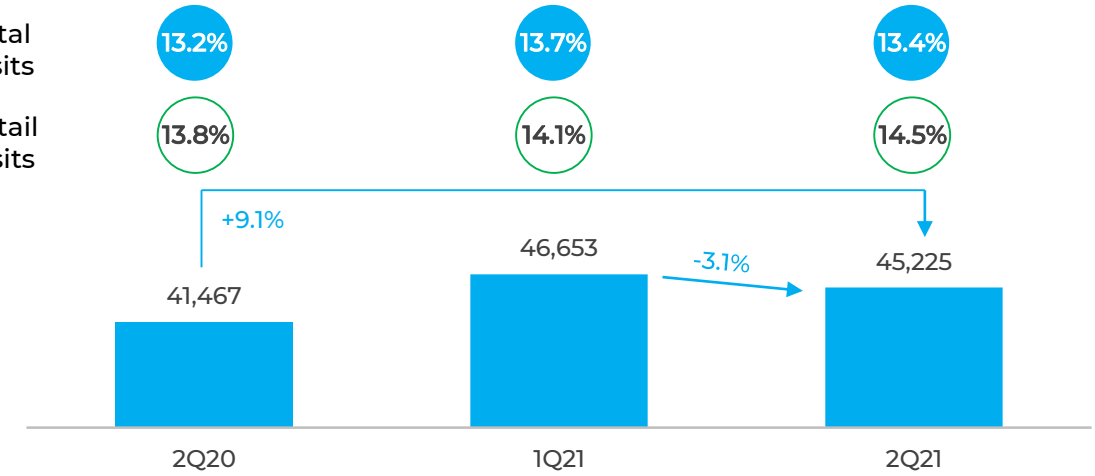


Total deposits

S/ million

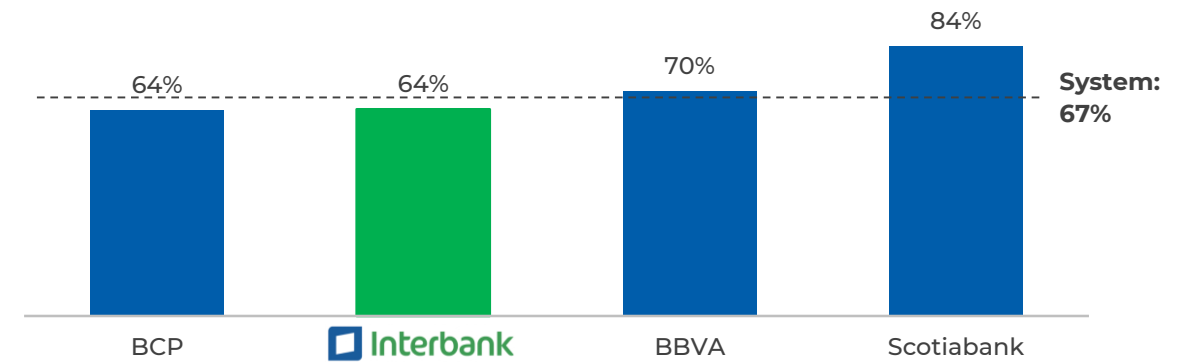
MS total deposits

MS retail deposits

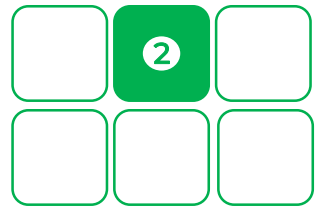


Loan to deposit ratio USD (LDR)

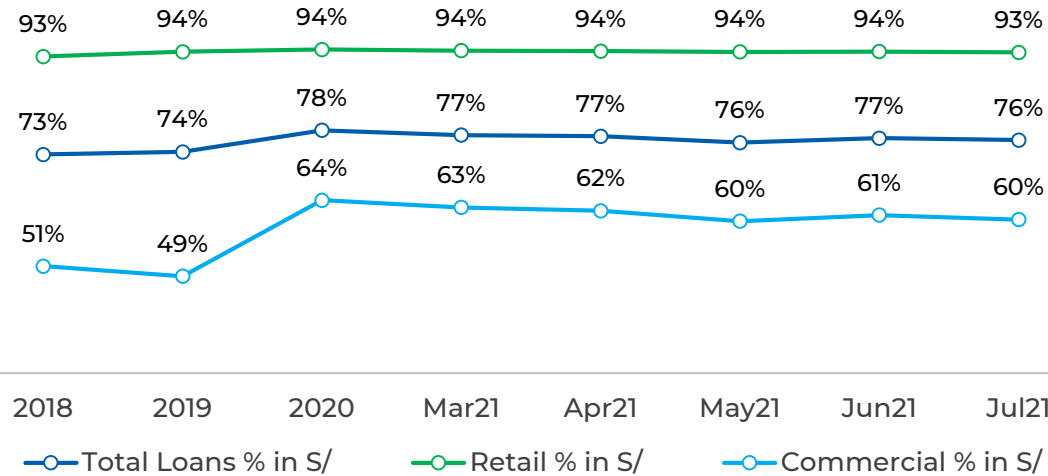
% as of June 30, 2021



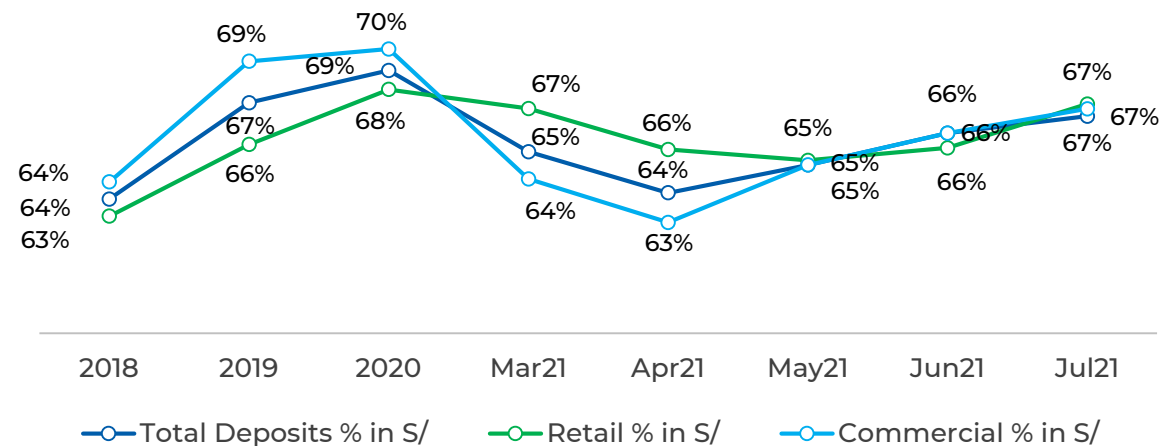
Manageable dollarization



Gross Loans by segment & percentage in S/

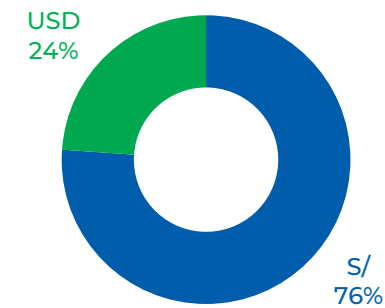


Deposits by segment & percentage in S/



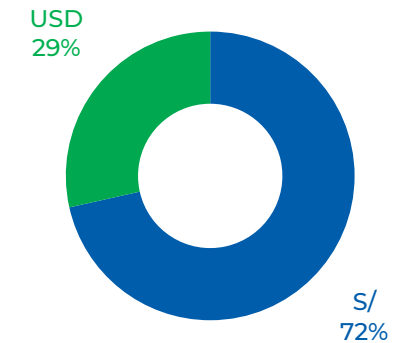
Currency mix Jul21

Gross Loans



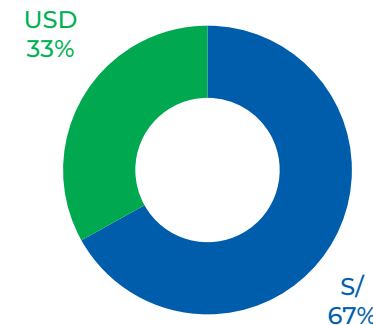
System's loans % in S/: 73%

Total Assets



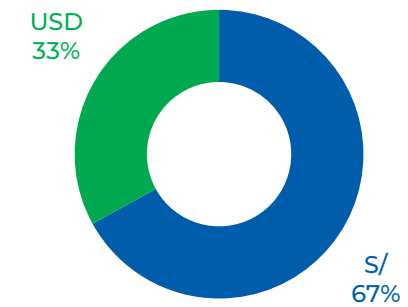
System's total assets % in S/: 67%

Deposits



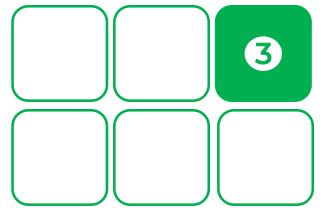
System's deposits % in S/: 60%

Liabilities + Equity

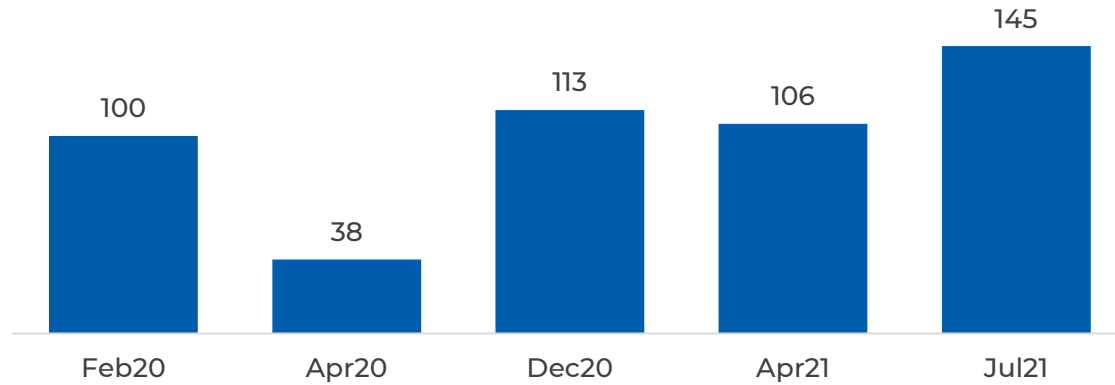


System's liab. + equity % in S/: 64%

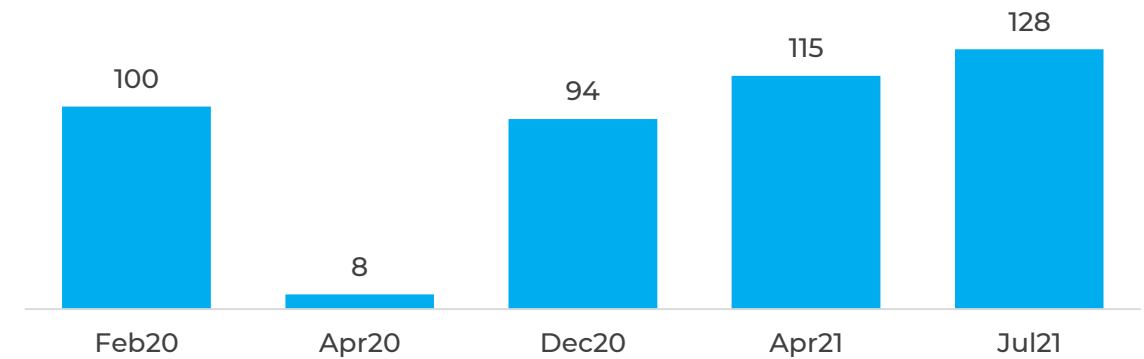
Strong recovery in core operating indicators



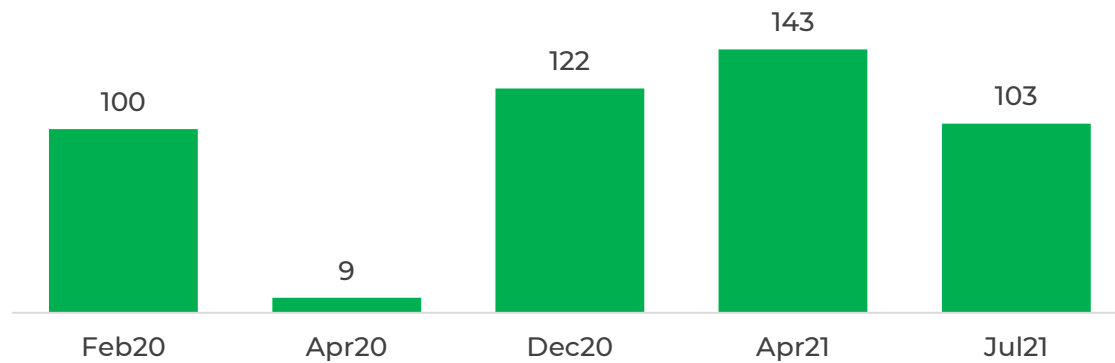
Credit and debit cards turnover (Index; 100 = Feb20)



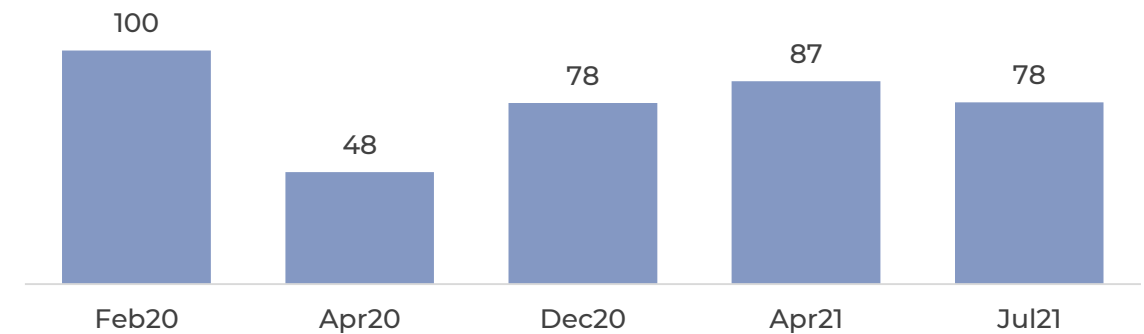
Payroll deduction loans disbursements (Index; 100 = Feb20)



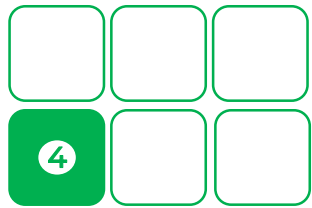
Mortgages disbursements (Index; 100 = Feb20)



Net fee income (Index; 100 = Feb20)

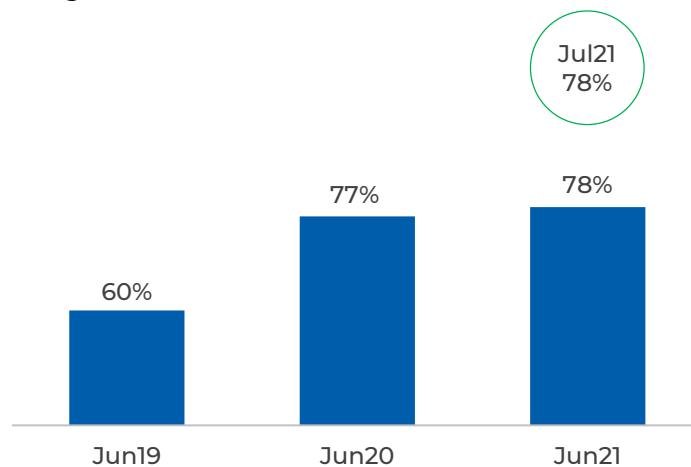


Digital indicators stabilizing



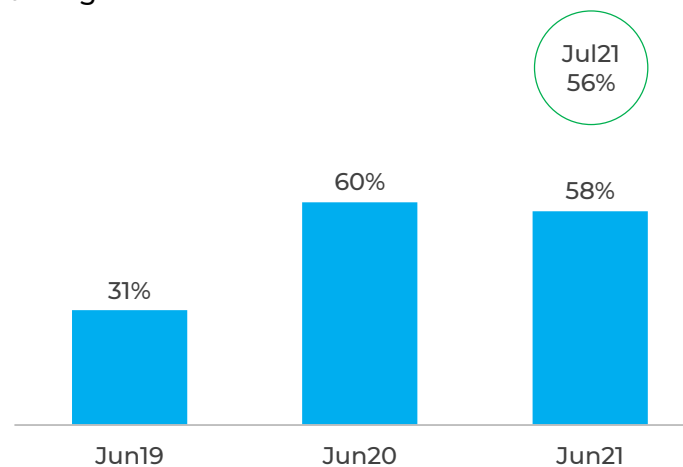
Digital users

% of digital users



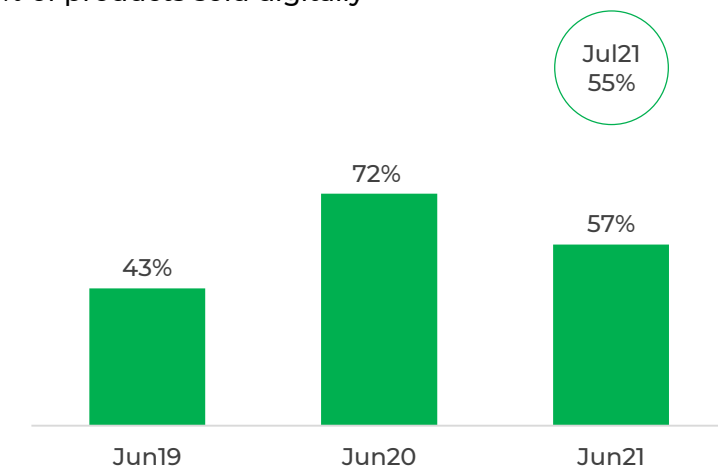
100% digital customers

100% digital customers



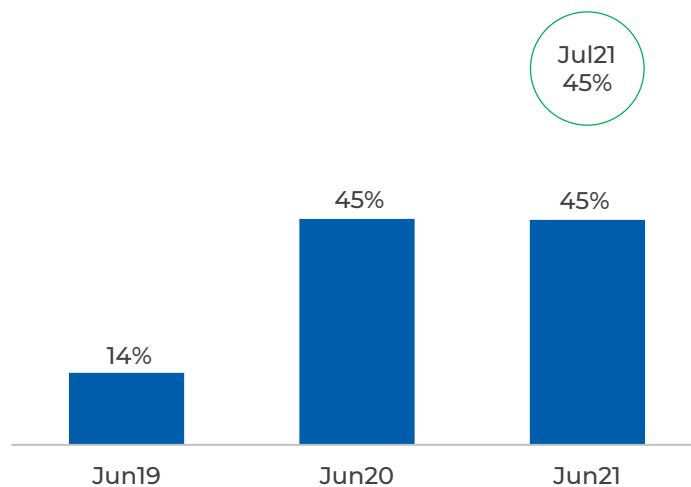
Digital sales

% of products sold digitally



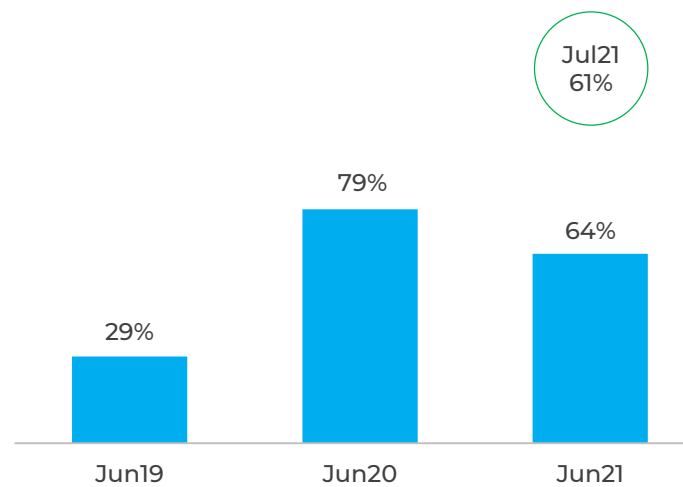
Retail digital acquisition

% of monthly retail customers “born digitally”



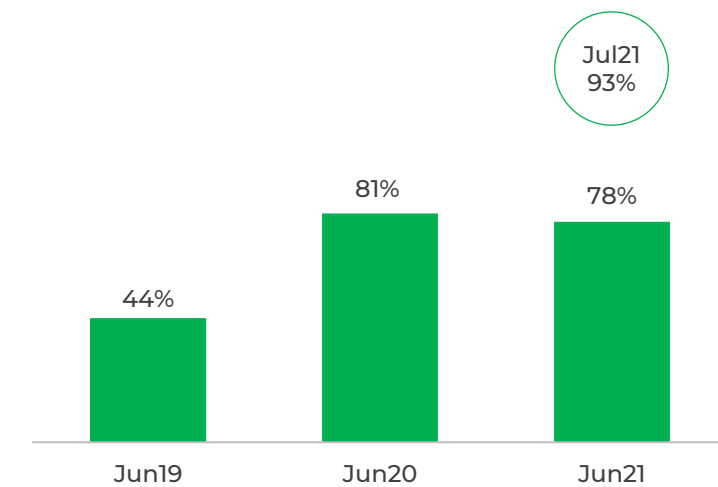
Savings accounts

% of savings accounts opened digitally

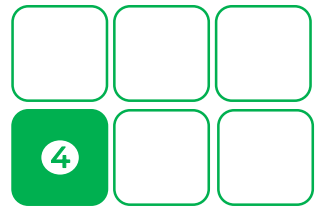


Business accounts

% of business accounts opened digitally

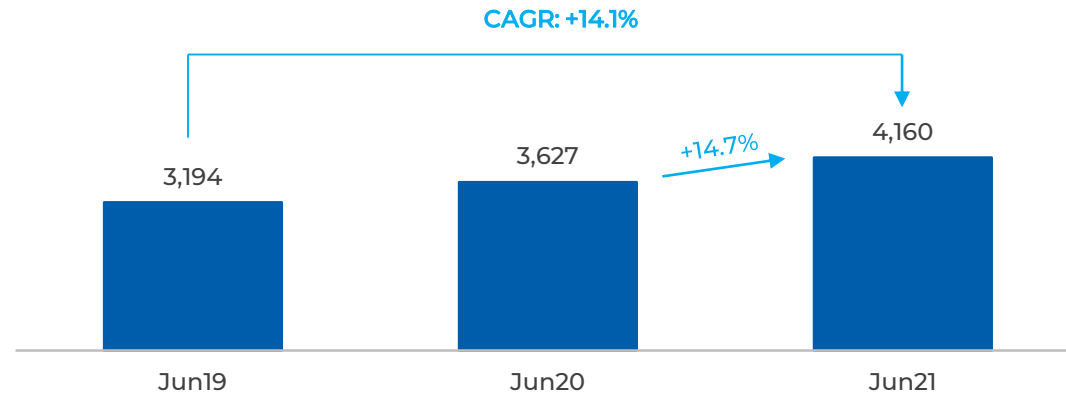


Growing customer base supported by increasing 100% digital users



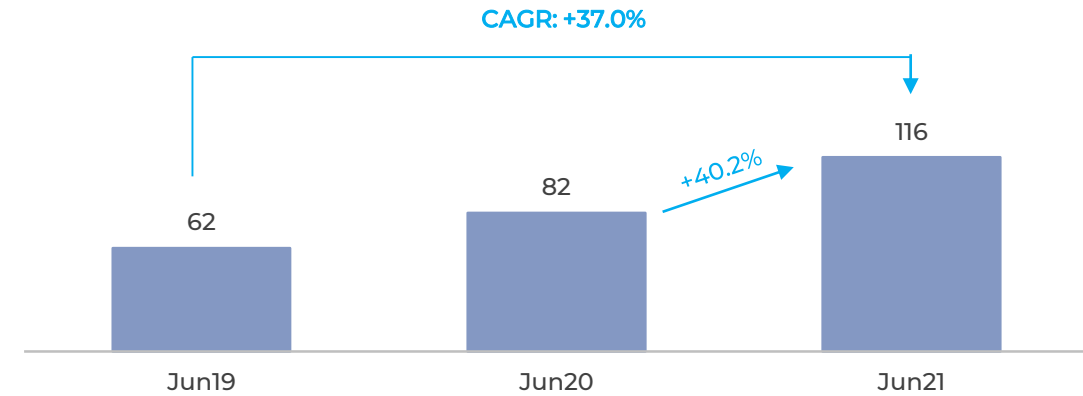
Retail customers

Thousand



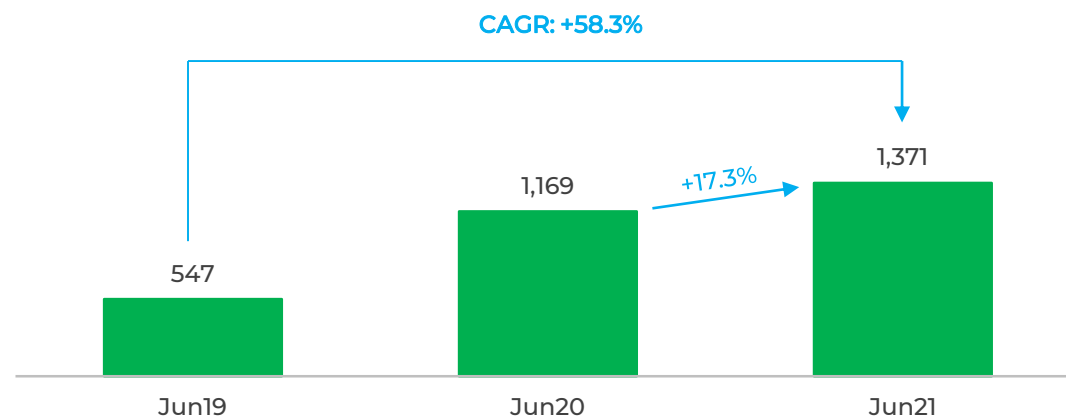
Commercial customers

Thousand



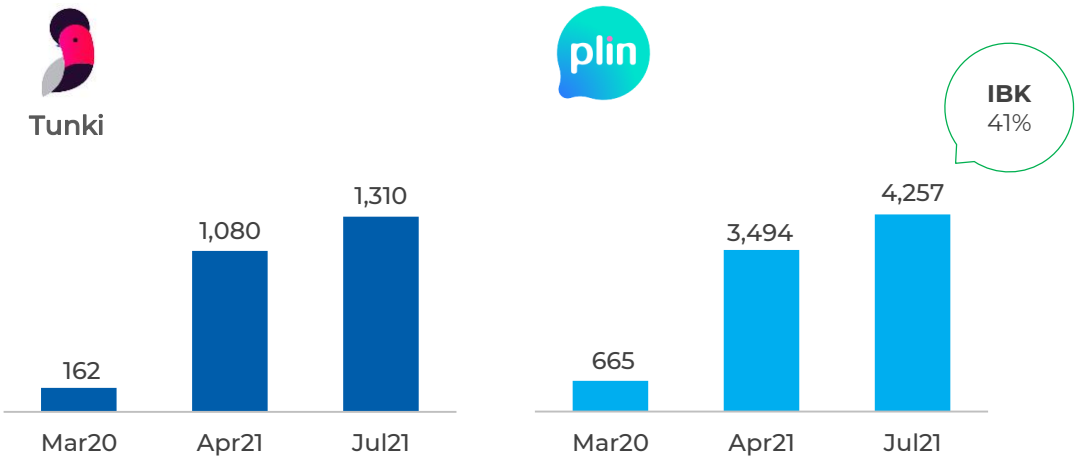
Retail 100% digital customers

Thousand

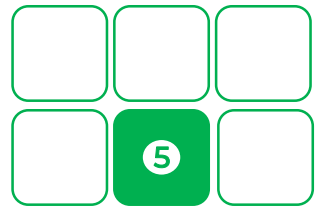


Tunki and Plin users

N° of users (thousand)

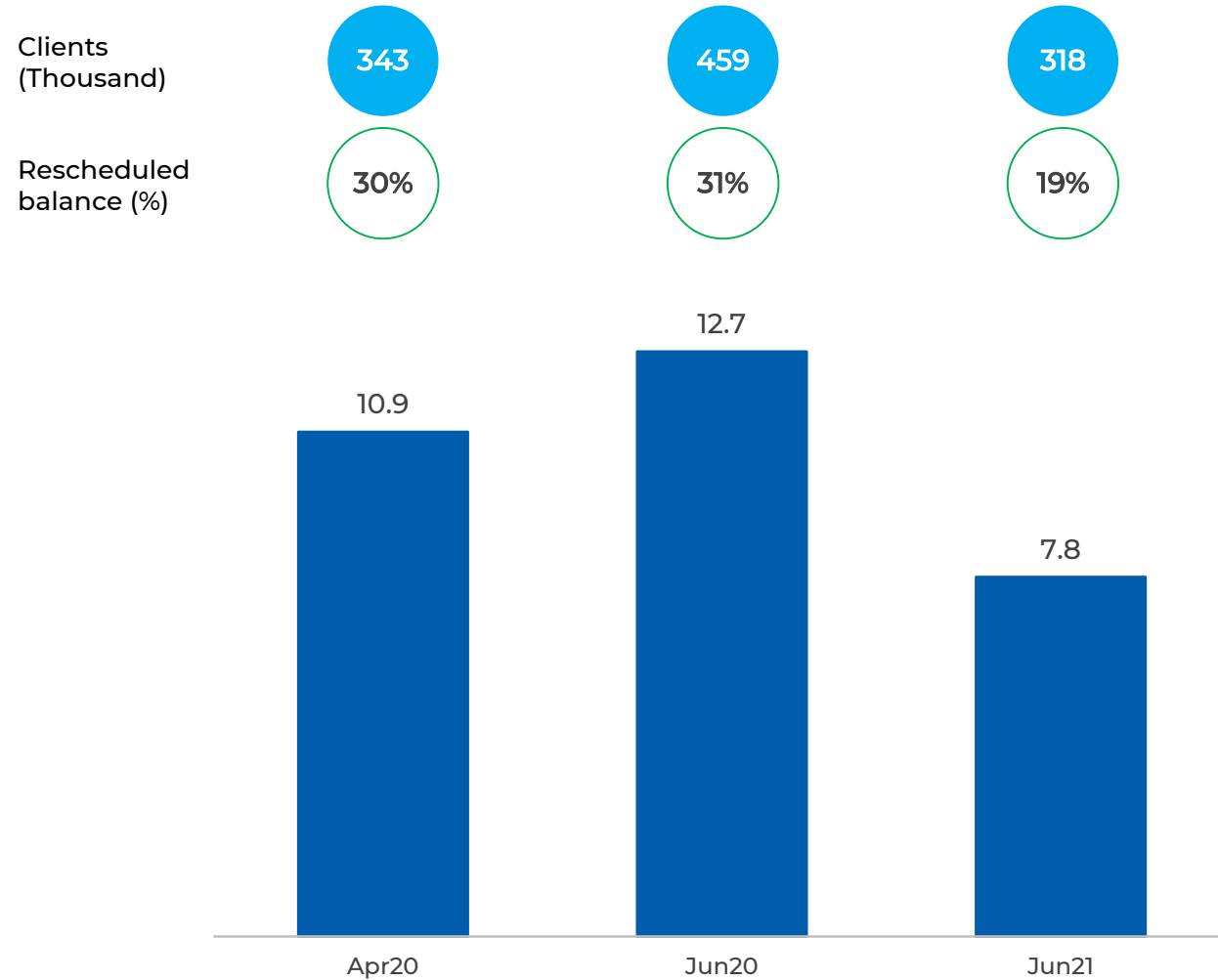


Declining rescheduled loan balances



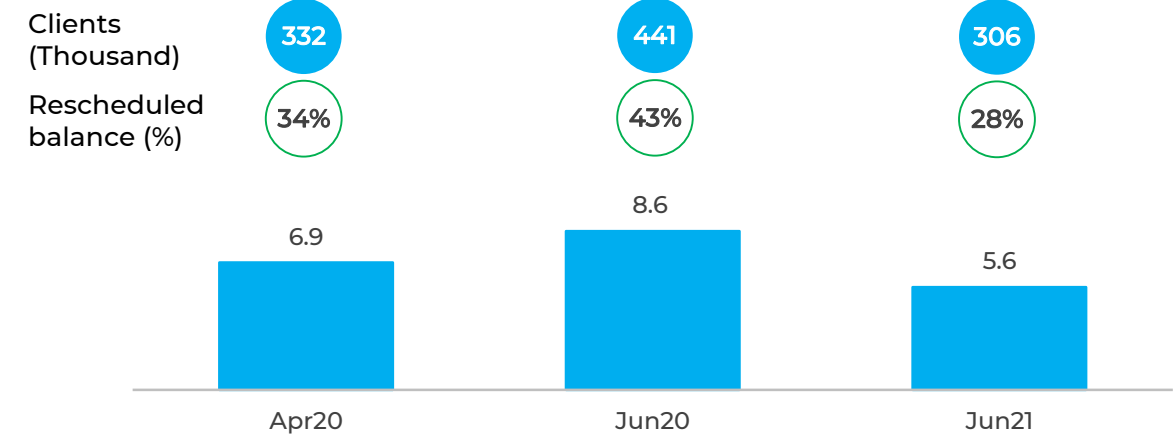
Loan rescheduling

S/ billion



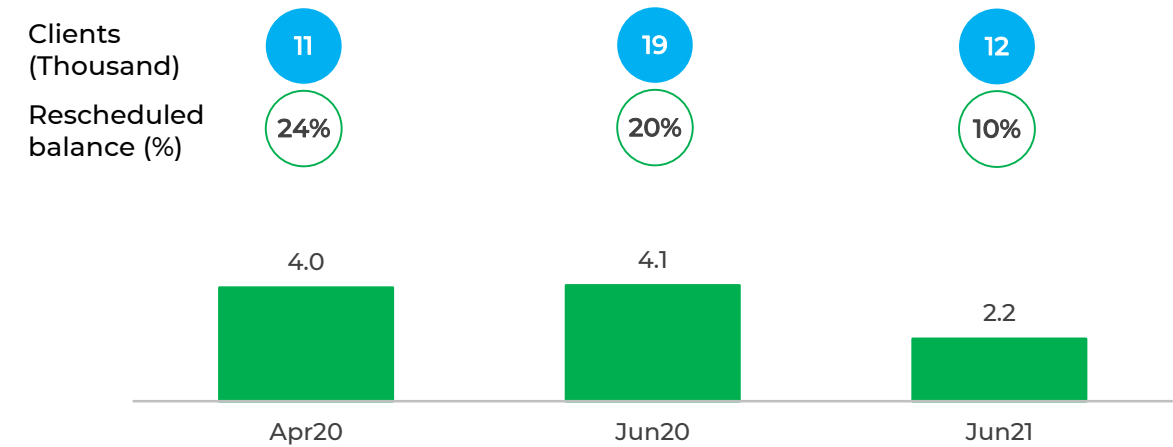
Retail loans rescheduling

S/ billion

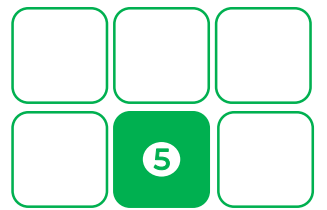


Commercial loans rescheduling

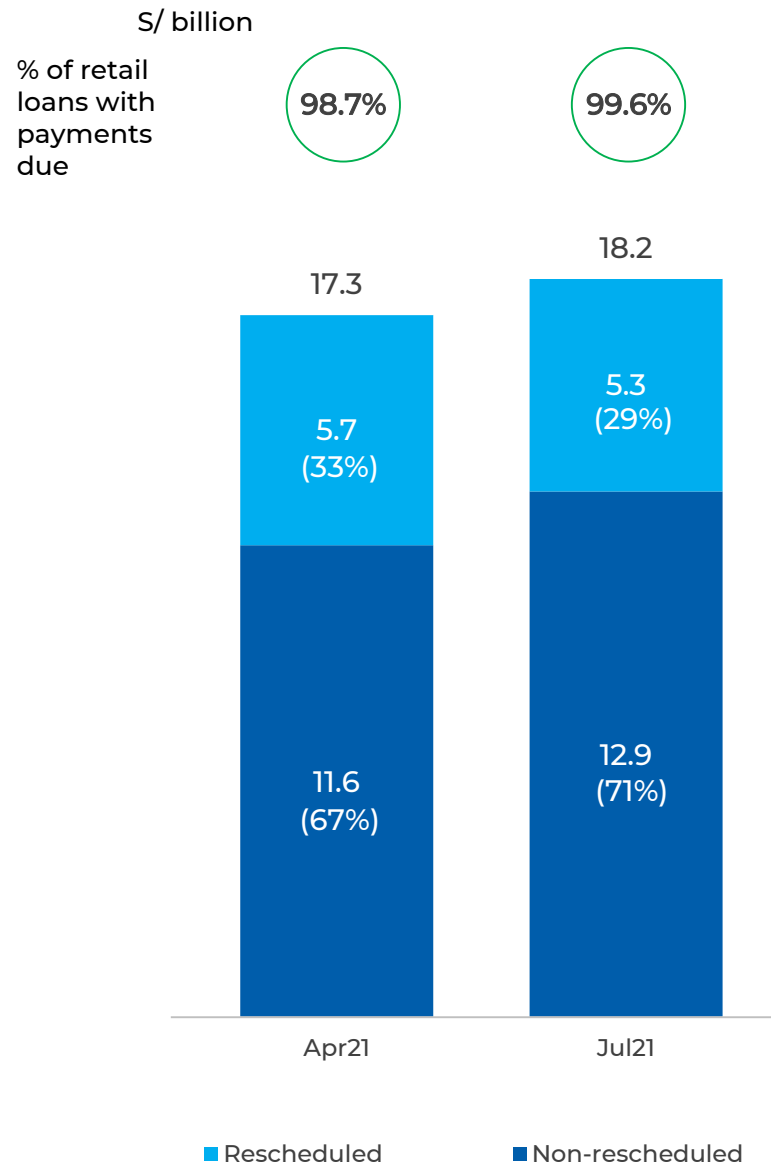
S/ billion



Continued improvement in payment behavior among retail clients

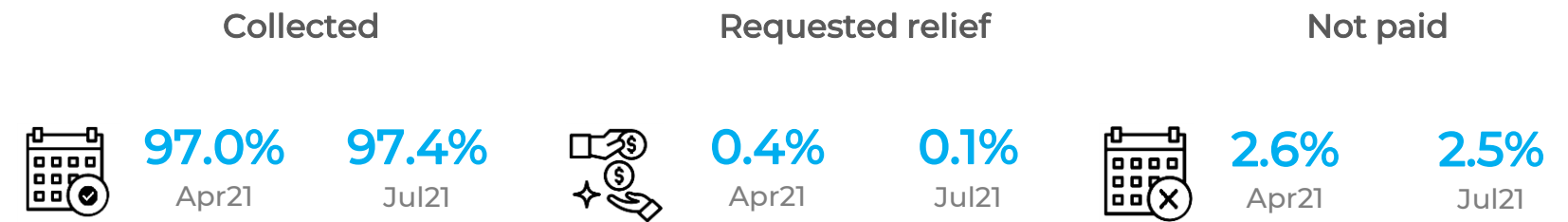


Retail loan balances with payments due

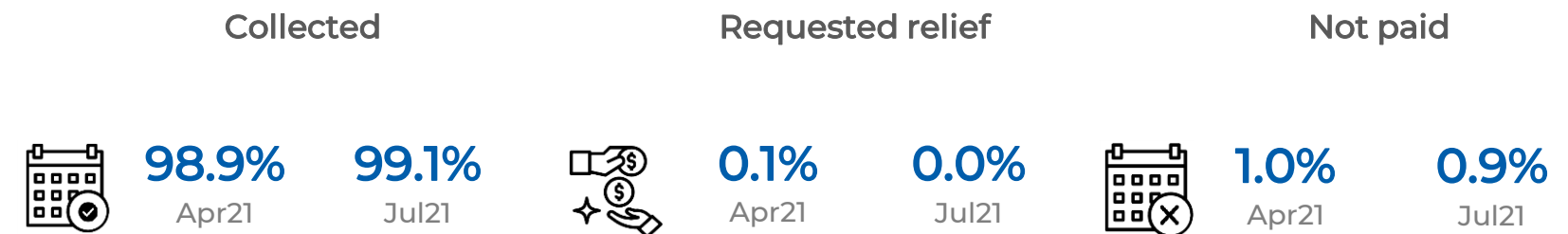


Payment behavior

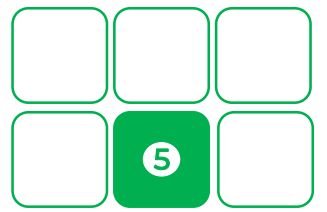
Payments of rescheduled loans



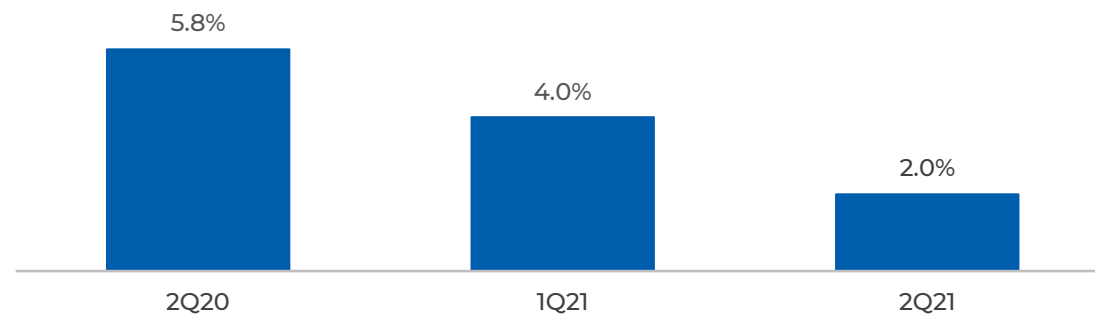
Payments of non-rescheduled loans



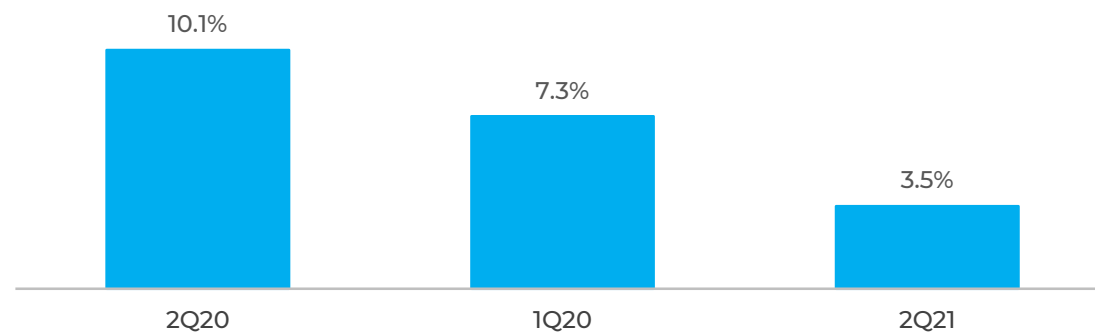
Lower provisions continue to reflect better payment behavior



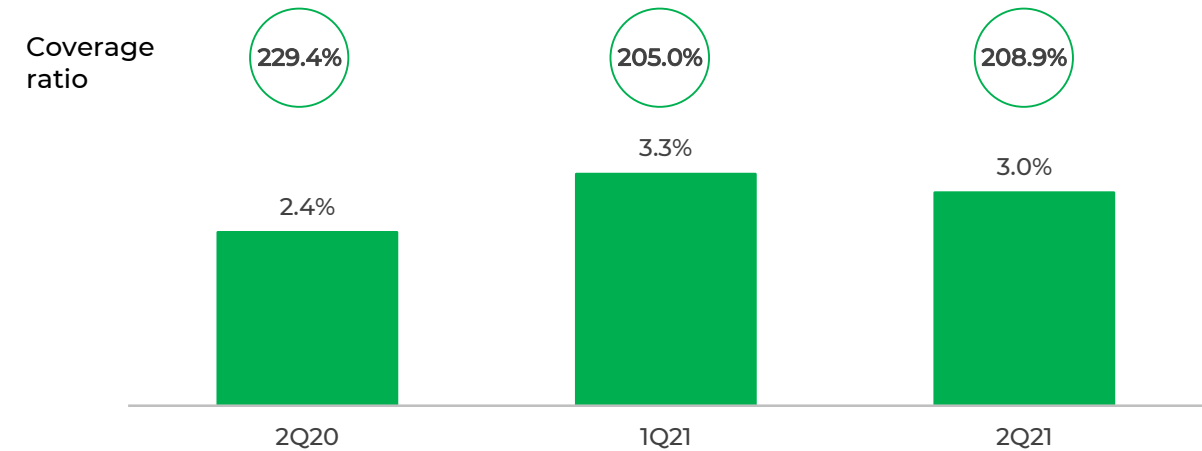
Cost of risk



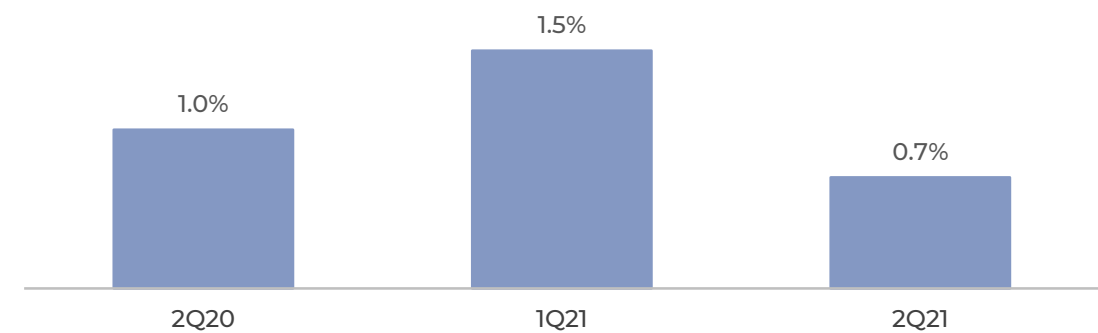
Cost of risk – Retail banking



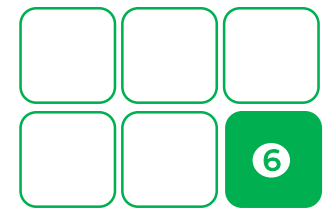
Past due loans



Cost of risk – Commercial banking








Recovery in expenses driven by activity with continued focus on efficiency



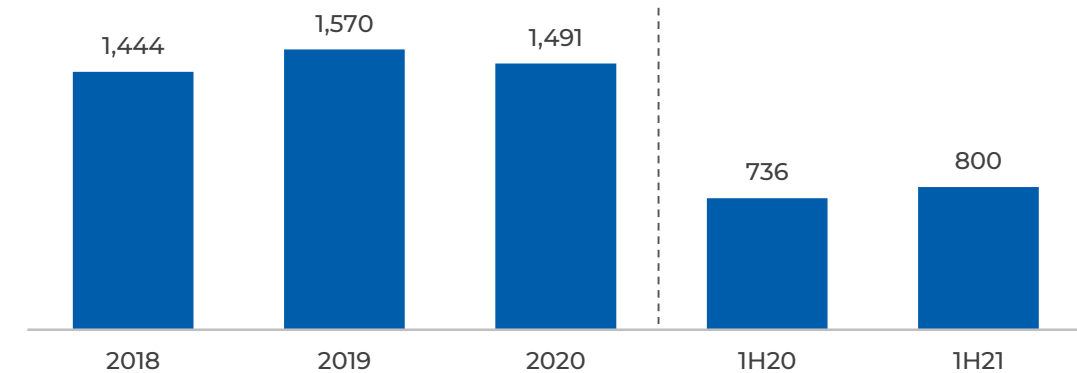
Optimizing our distribution channels

Units

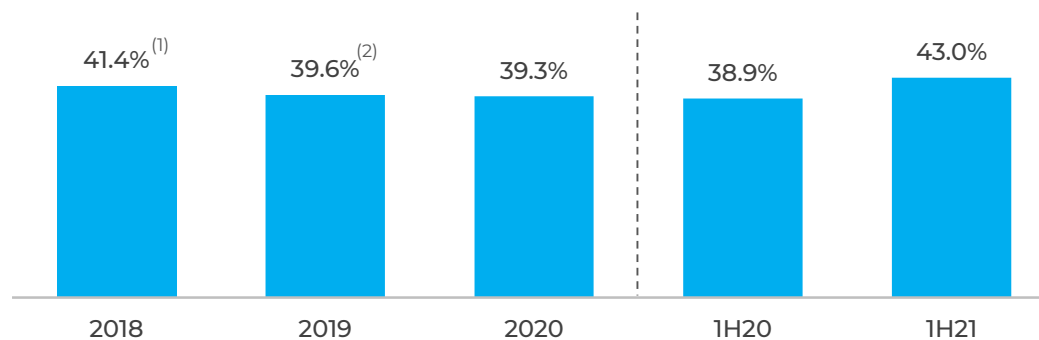
	2018	Jul21	% Change
 Financial stores	270	194	-28%
 ATMs	1,975	1,586	-20%
 Correspondent agents	2,506	3,369	+34%
 Sales force	598	584	-2%
 Call center agents	340	310	-9%

Disciplined cost control helps efficiency

Total expenses⁽³⁾ (\$/ mm)

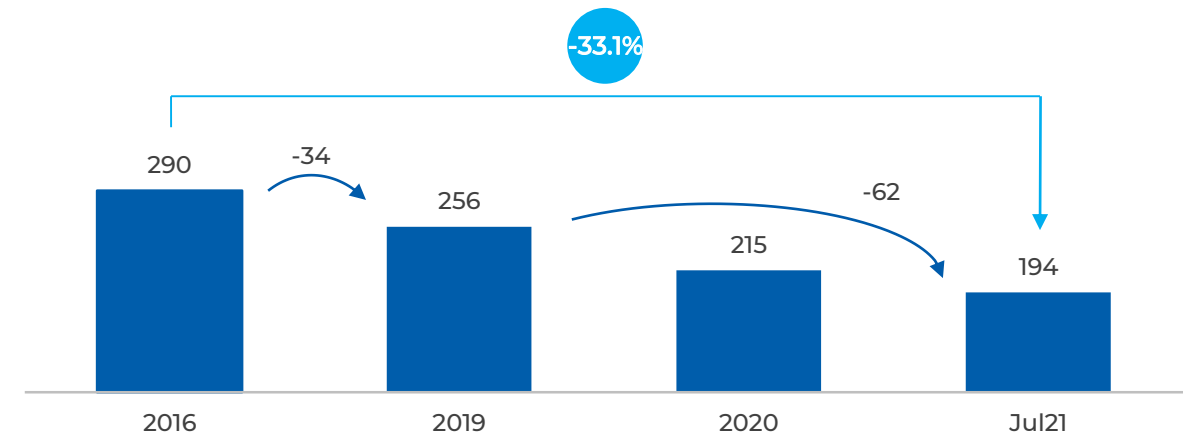


Focus on efficiency ratio



Number of financial stores

Number of branches



Source: Interbank as of June 30, 2020.

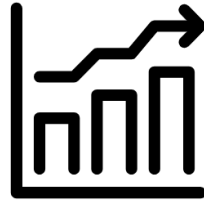
1) Excludes gain on sale of securities for \$/ 128.6 million in January 2018. Including this effect efficiency ratio was 40.0% in 2018.

2) Excludes (i) gain on sale of Interfondos to Inteligo for \$/ 52.6 million in January 2019, (ii) gain on sale of IFS shares in NYSE, excluding brokerage fees, for \$/ 121.3 million in July 2019 and (iii) the one-off impact of a Liability Management transaction for \$/ 42.3 million in 4Q19. Including these effects efficiency ratio was 38.3% in 2019.

3) Total expenses are defined as Administrative expenses + Depreciation + Amortization.

Summary & Trends

1



Economic recovery continues

2



Solid capitalization, strong liquidity and manageable dollarization

3



Strong recovery in core operating indicators

4



Digital indicators continue to support Interbank's strategy

5



Normalizing levels of cost of risk and PDLs with adequate coverage

6



Continued focus on efficiency

Operating trends 1H21

Capital

	2021	1H21
TCR	>15%	16.5%
CET1	>11%	11.5%
To remain at sound levels		

Loan growth

Slow recovery in retail, and decreasing volumes in commercial

Growth YTD
Retail +3.9% / Commercial -1.0%

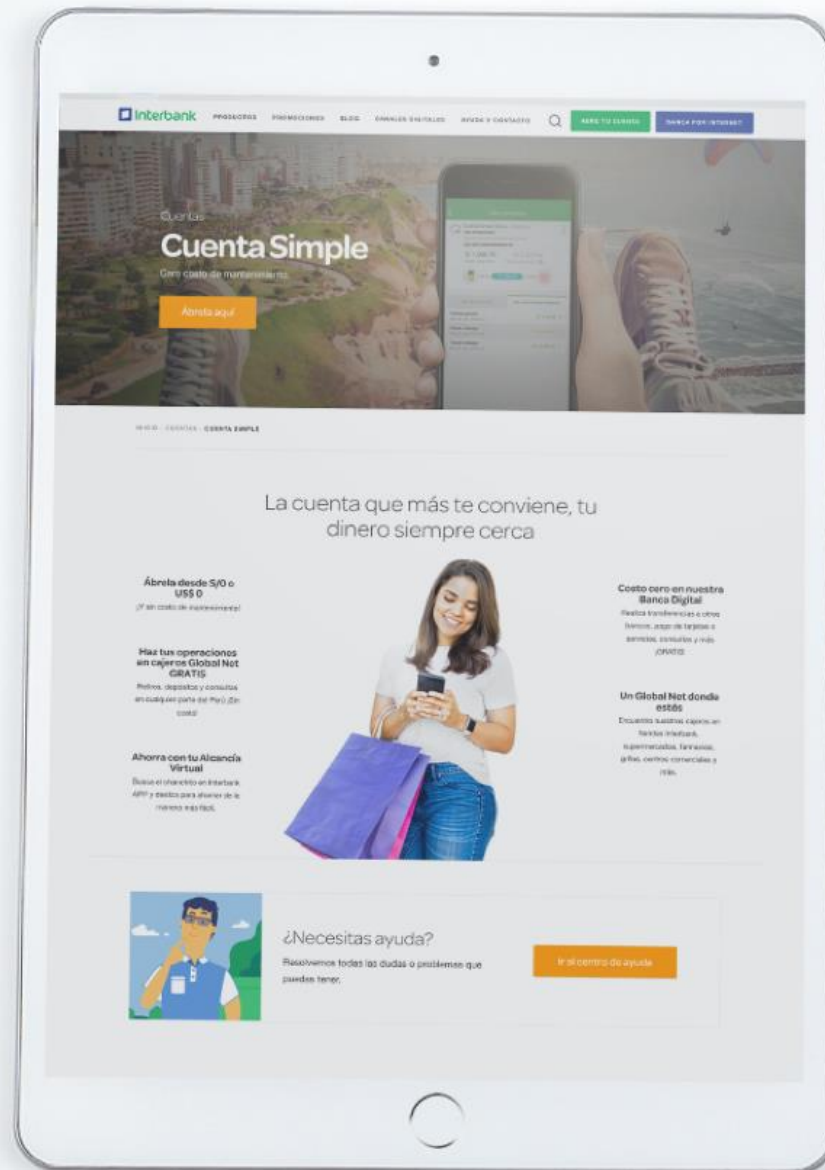
Revenues

Soft top line recovery
Pressure on NII and NIM despite lower cost of funds

Cost of risk

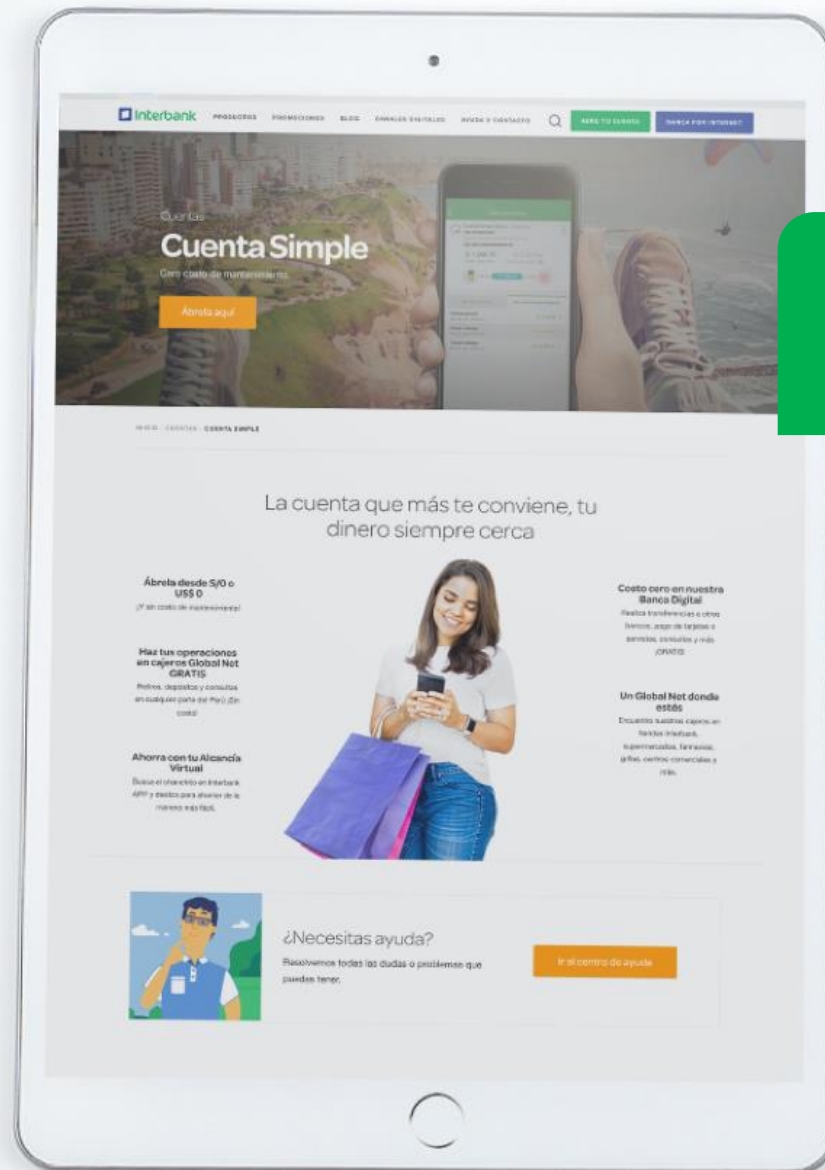
Lower cost of risk after peak in 2020

Highlights



01. Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform
02. Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability
03. Unique culture and corporate governance

Highlights



01.

Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform

02.

Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability

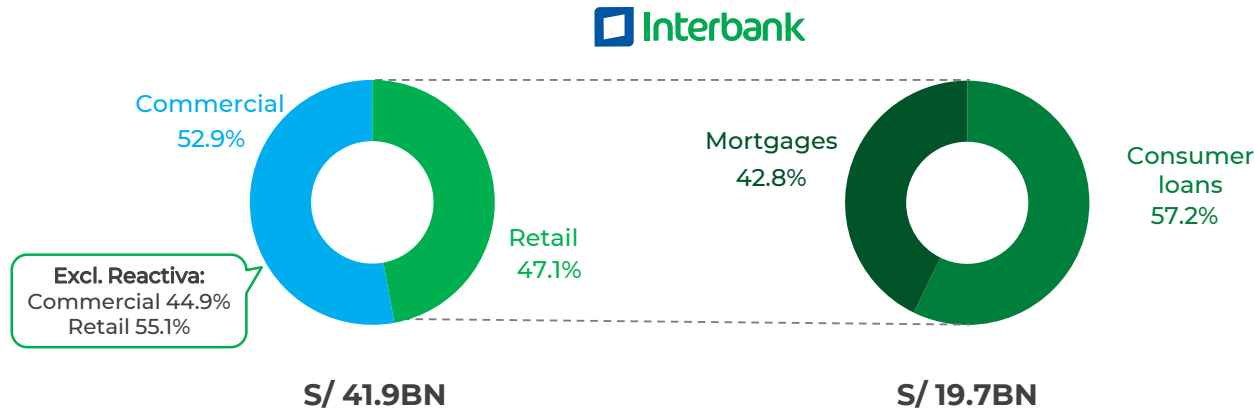
03.

Unique culture and corporate governance

Rebalanced loan portfolio due to Reactiva Peru

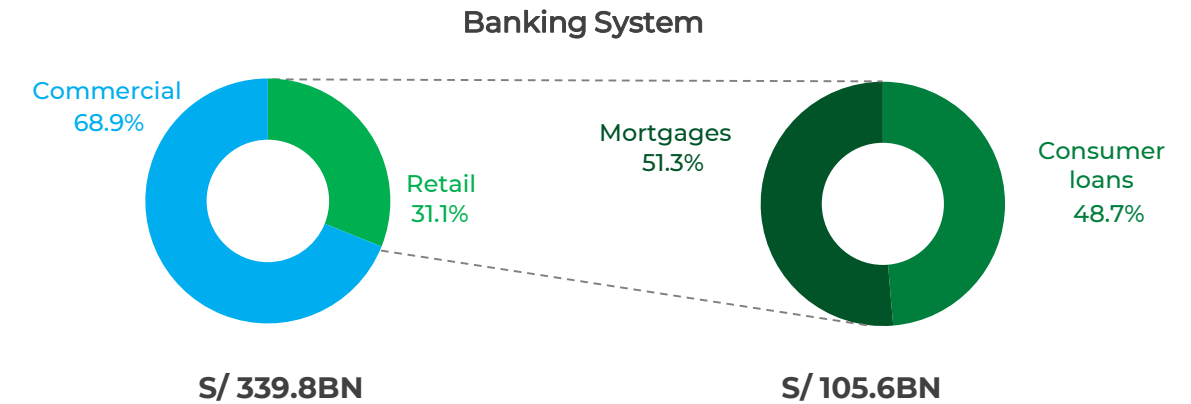
Distinctive loan breakdown...

Gross loans breakdown (as of June 2021)



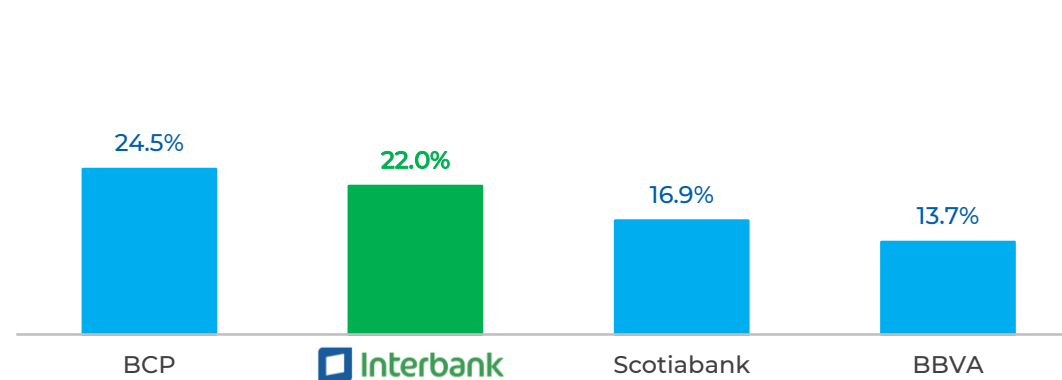
...when compared to the banking system

Gross loans breakdown (as of June 2021)



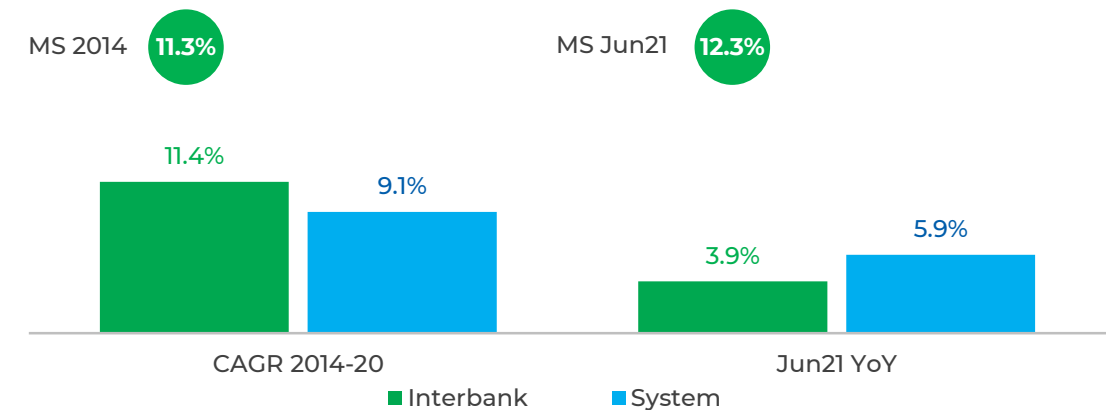
Leading position in consumer loans ⁽¹⁾

Market share (as of June 2021)



Historically outgrowing the overall banking system

Total gross loans growth evolution



Source: SBS as of June 2021.

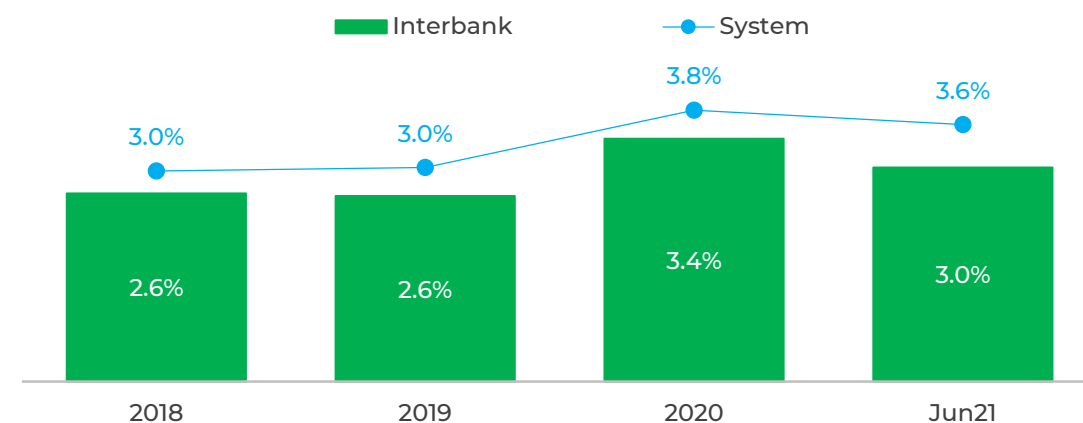
Note: Under Peruvian SBS GAAP. Banks include international branches.

1) Consumer loans do not include mortgage loans.

Solid risk management capabilities

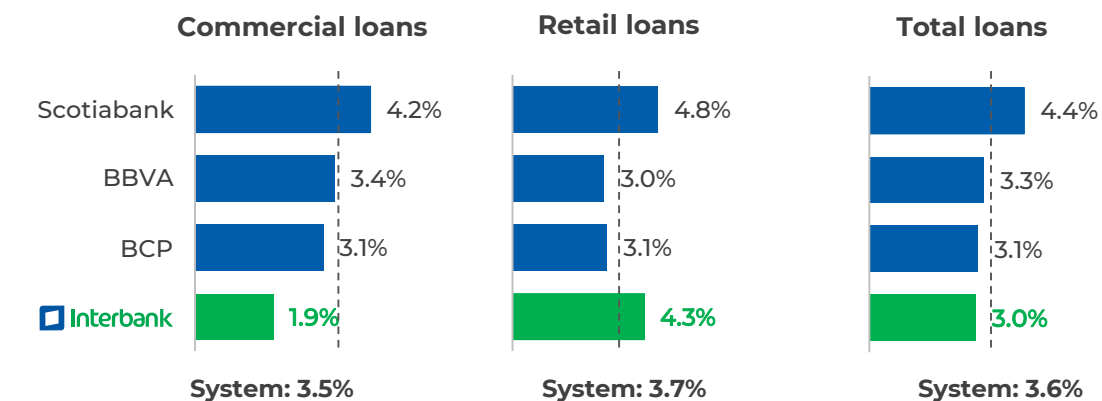
Better asset quality than the system despite focus on retail

PDL ratio evolution



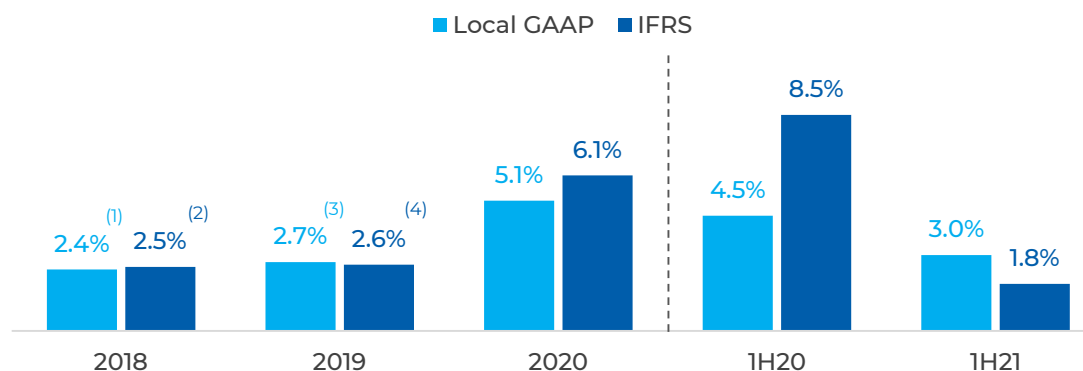
Balanced asset quality among businesses

PDL ratio as of June 2021



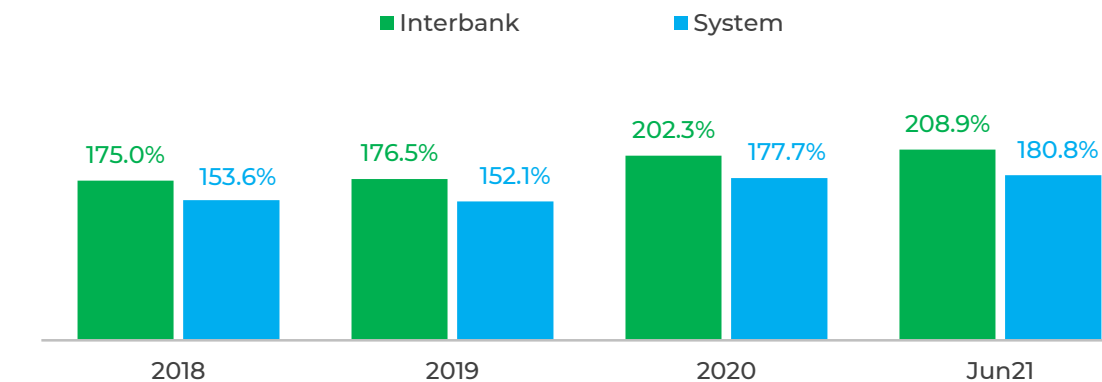
Adequate provisioning level...

Cost of risk (Provision expense as % of average total loans)



...results in strong coverage ratio

Coverage ratio ⁽⁵⁾ evolution



Source: SBS and Company information as of June 2021.

1) Cost of risk excluding the effect of voluntary provisions for S/ 100.0 million to cover potential risks related to the construction sector, net of a release of S/ 30.0 million. Including these items, cost of risk was 2.7% in 2018.

2) Cost of risk excluding the effect of a reversion of construction sector provisions for S/ 83.0 million in 2018. Including this item, cost of risk was 2.2% in such period.

3) Cost of risk excluding the effect of a release of S/ 15.4 million of voluntary provisions to cover potential risks related to the construction sector in 2019. Including this item, cost of risk remained at 2.7% in such period.

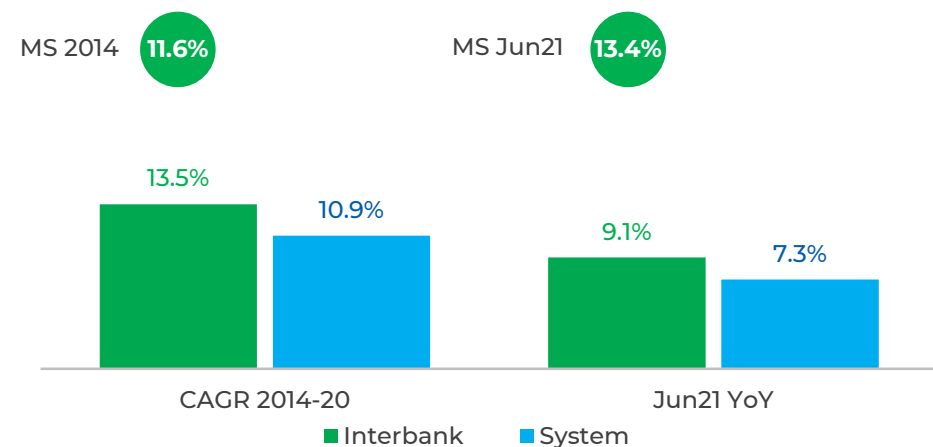
4) Cost of risk excluding the effect of a reversion of payroll deduction loan provisions for S/ 38.8 million and a reversion of loan loss provisions for S/ 104.1 million, both in 2019. Including this item, cost of risk was 2.2% in period.

5) Defined as allowance for loan losses as a percentage of past-due loans.

Diversified funding base with strength in retail deposits

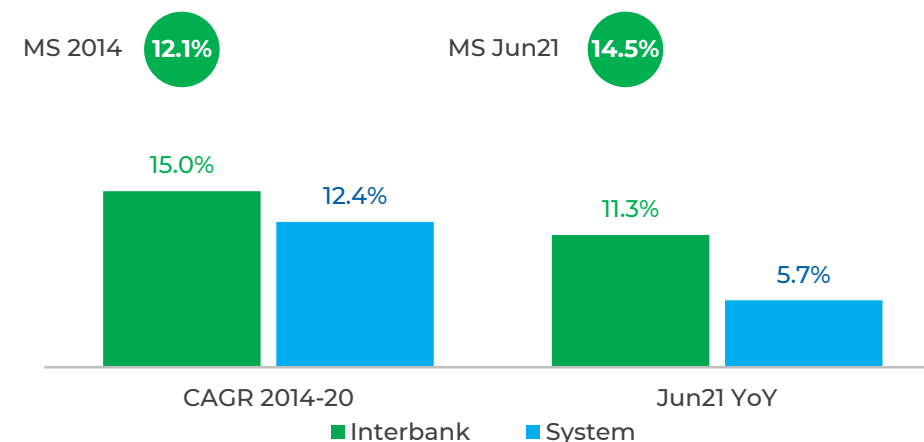
Consistently delivering higher deposit growth than the system

Total deposits growth evolution



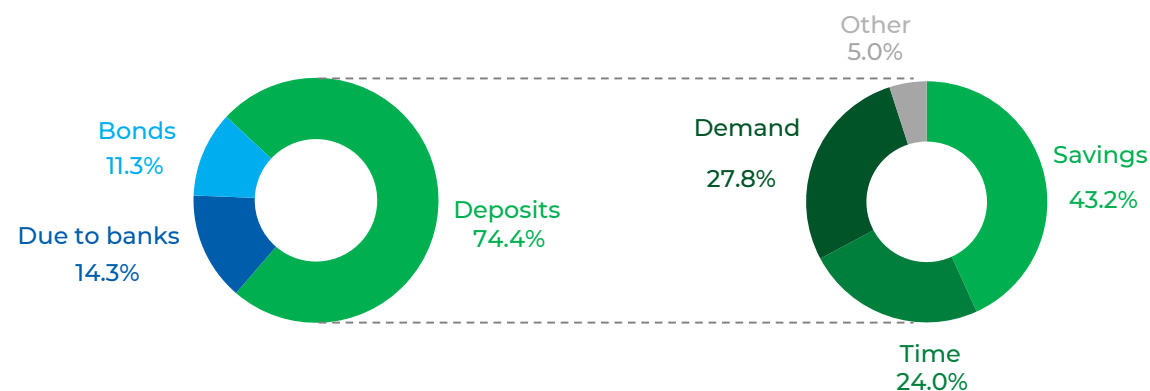
A growing retail deposit-gathering franchise

Total retail deposits growth evolution



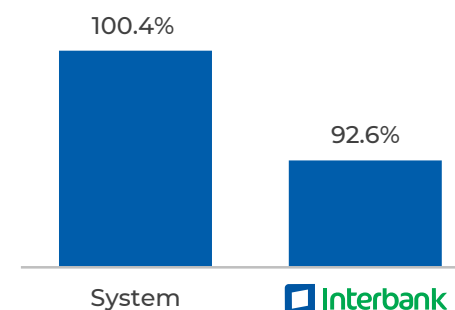
Significant deposits base

Funding base breakdown (as of June 2021)

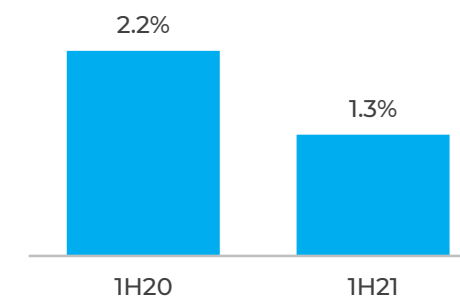


Solid loan to deposit ratio and decreasing cost of funds

Loan to deposit ratio
(as of Jun21)



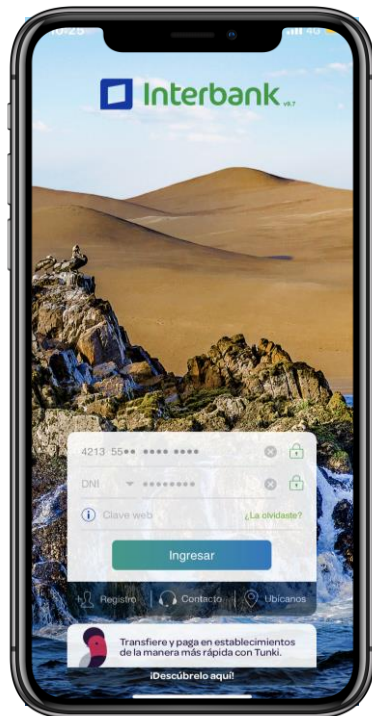
Cost of funds



Our strategy is based on digital and analytics

We have built an scalable digital platform...

... leveraging advanced analytics



Increasing levels of adoption
and customer satisfaction

Digital sales and new
customer acquisition

Developing new businesses

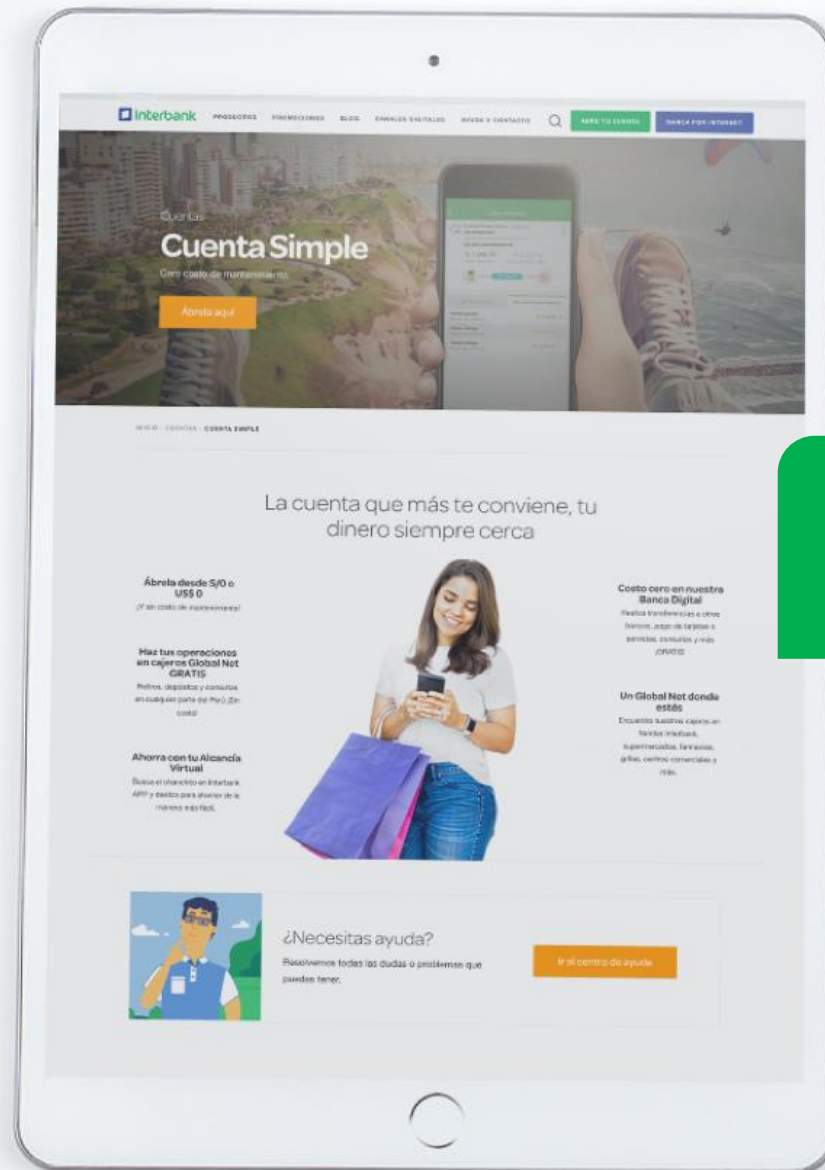
More and better models

- Predictive and prescriptive models to improve effectiveness
- Machine learning and deep learning

Faster time to market

- Efficient execution with cloud processing
- Clean, consistent and traceable data

Highlights



01. Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform

02.

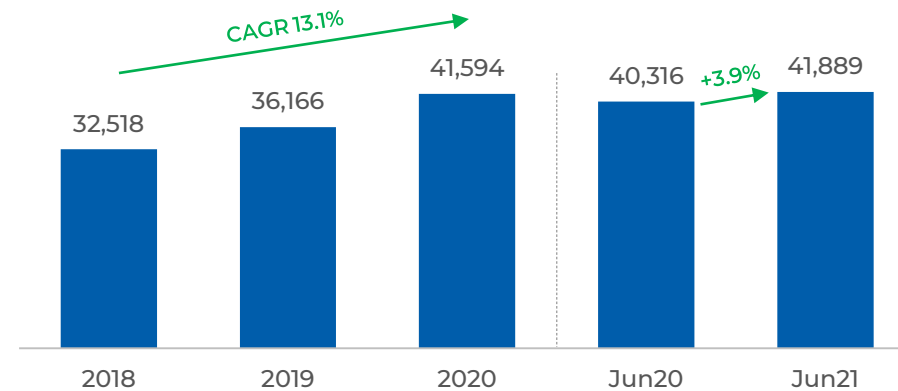
Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability

03. Unique culture and corporate governance

Sustained assets growth supported by appropriate funding

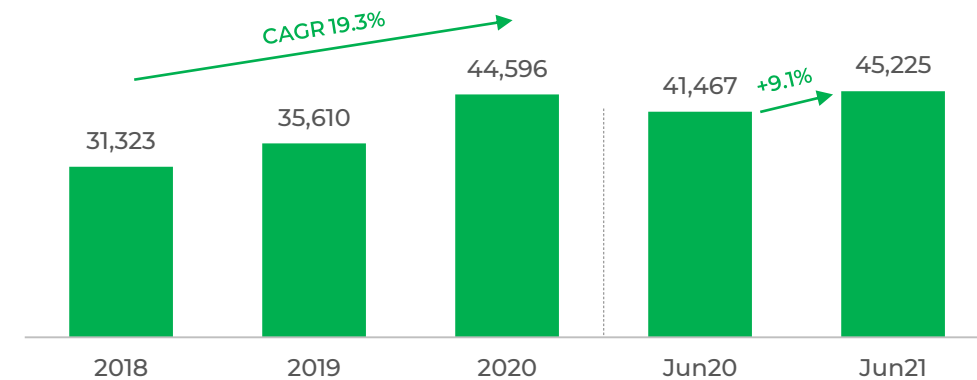
Total gross loans

S/ mm



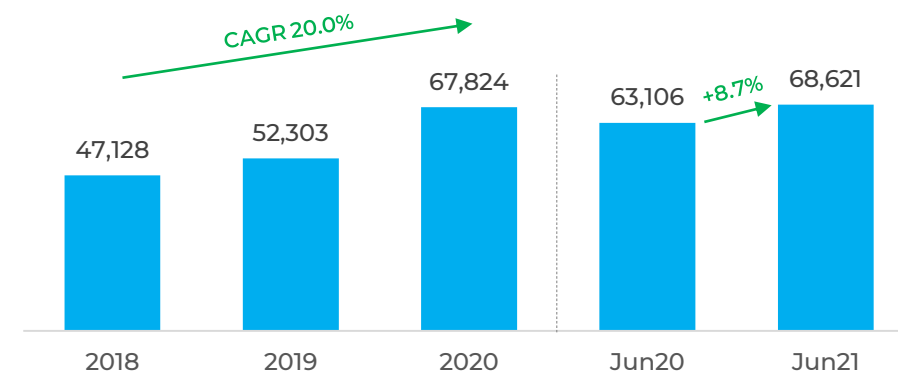
Total deposits

S/ mm



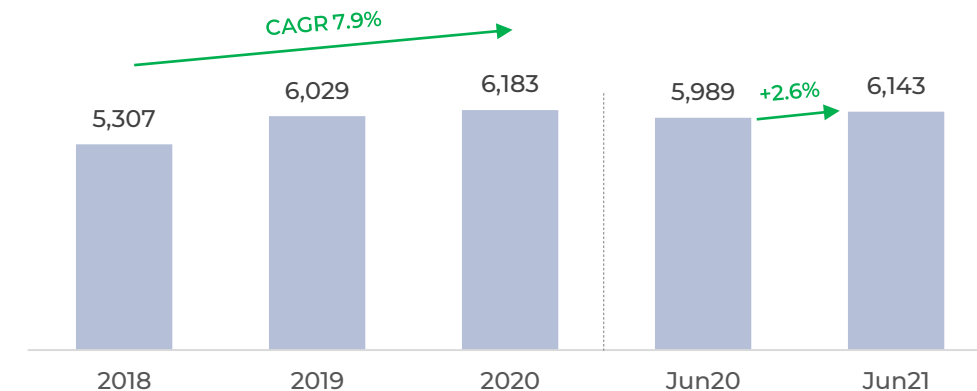
Total assets

S/ mm



Net shareholders' equity

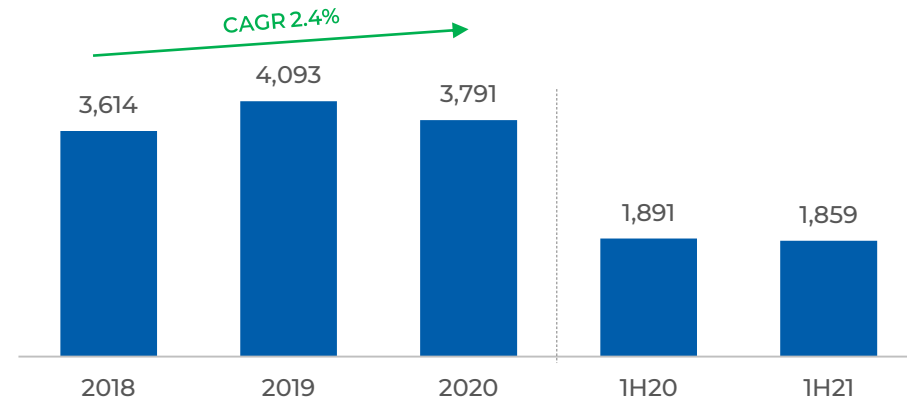
S/ mm



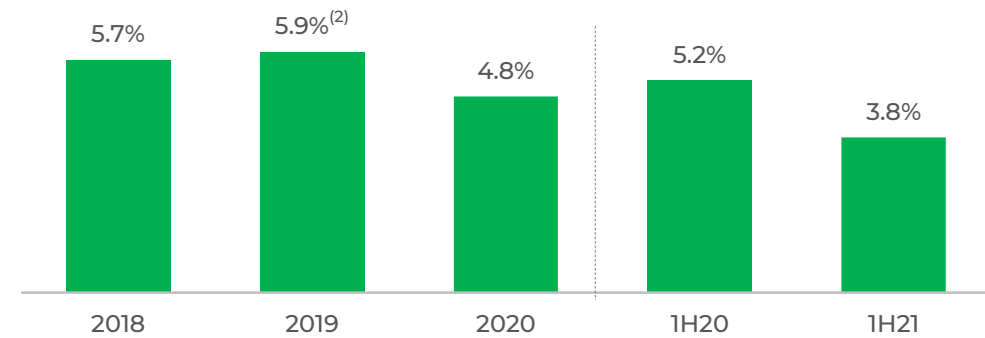
Interbank's profitability impacted by COVID-19

Total revenues ⁽¹⁾

S/ mm

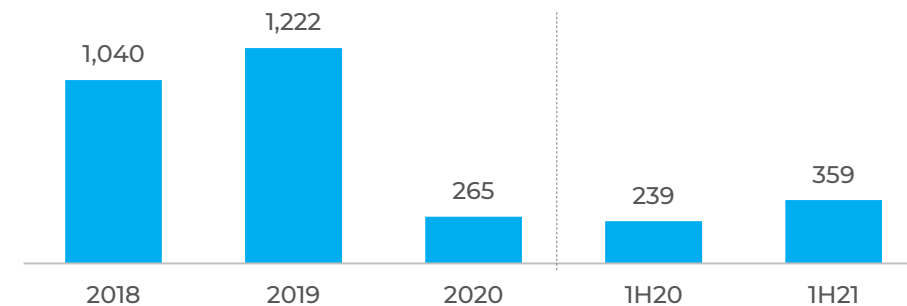


Net interest margin (NIM)

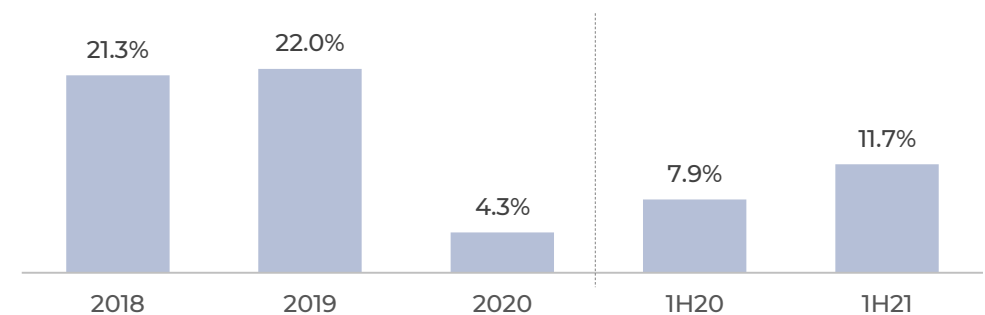


Net profit evolution

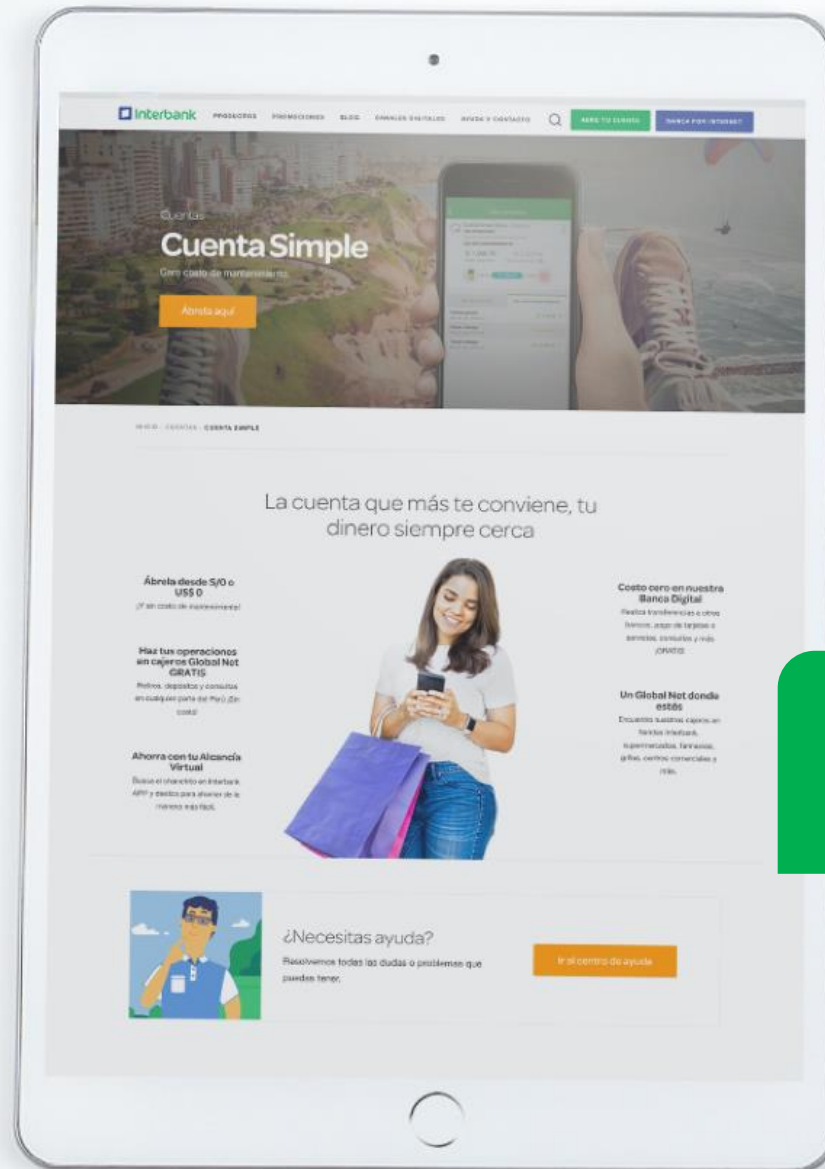
S/ mm



ROE



Highlights



01. Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform

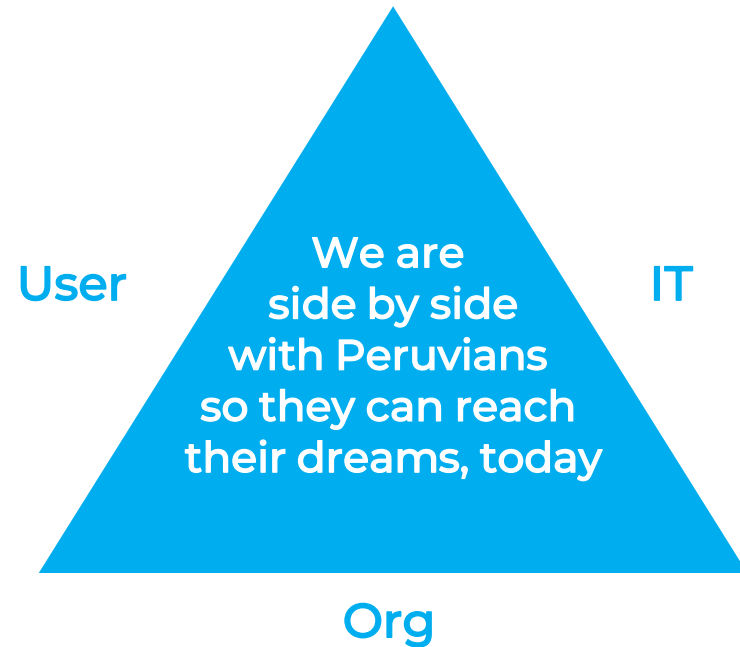
02. Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability

03.

Unique culture and corporate governance

Evolving cultural transformation

Comprehensive transformational approach



More than 100 teams working with agile framework

Innovation Labs



New initiatives



A “Great Place to Work” with a distinctive culture and strong sense of achievement for new talent

Our commitment to fostering a performance-based culture is demonstrated by being ranked among the top Peruvian and Latin American companies



Interbank

Top 20 in Peru
for the past 19 years

#1 in Latin America
in 2021

#2 in Peru
in 2020

#11 for women in Peru
in 2021

#2 for millennials in Peru
in 2021

#1 for work from home in Peru
in 2021

#6 for diversity and inclusion in Peru
in 2020

Our strategic values



Integrity



Courage



Innovation



Collaboration



Sense of humor



Passion for service

Strong corporate governance

Board of Directors



Carlos Rodríguez-Pastor
Chairman



Ramón Barúa
Director



Fernando Zavala
Director



Felipe Morris
Director



Cayetana Aljovín
Independent Director



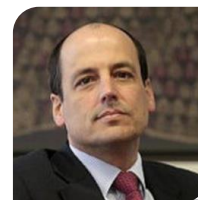
Alfonso Bustamante
Independent Director



Hugo Santa María
Independent Director



David Fischman
Independent Director



Carlos Heeren
Independent Director

BOD with majority of independent members

- ✓ Interbank: 5 out of 9

Strong corporate governance

- ✓ Relevant committees:
 - Audit
 - Executive
 - Integral Risk Committee
 - Corporate governance
 - Credit directive
- ✓ Highly supervised related party exposure, well below regulatory limits

Committed to a vision of sustainability

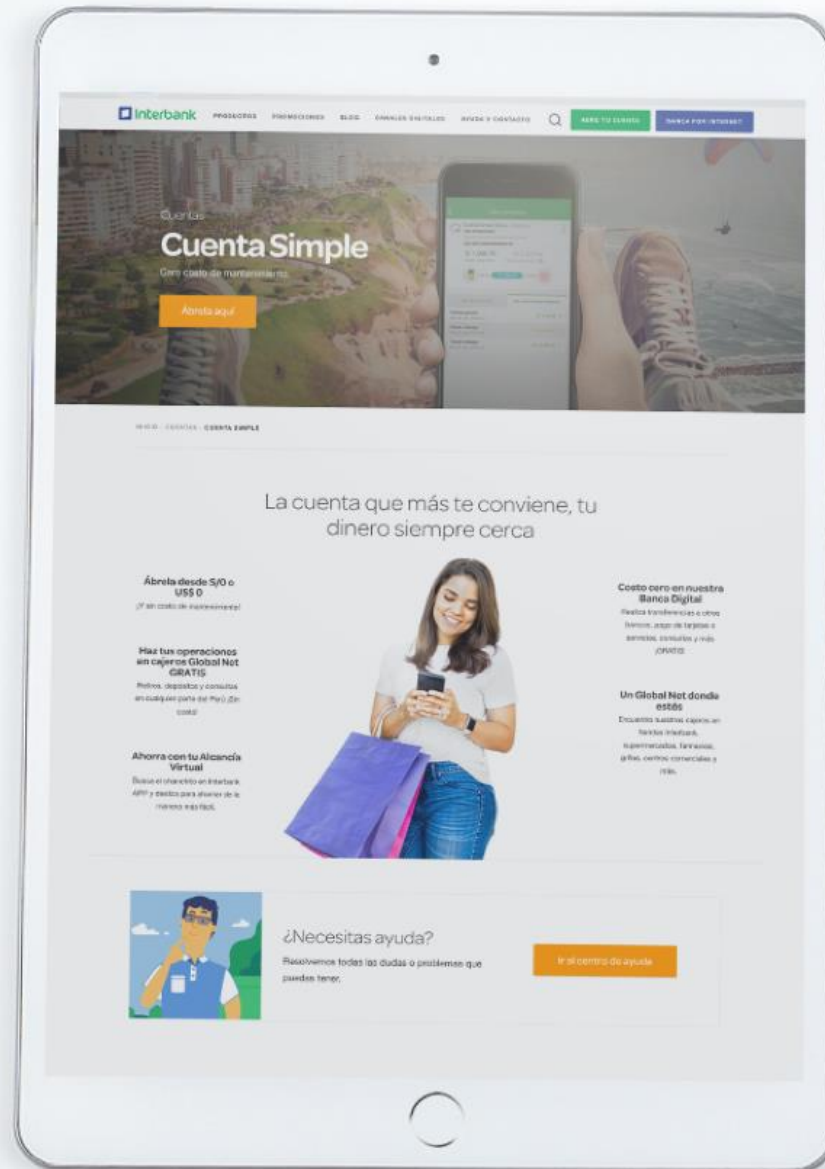
At Interbank, we published our 2020 Sustainability Report where we outlined the actions taken throughout the year in order to achieve our vision of sustainability

Aspiration

To be a responsible and sustainable financial platform that contributes to the country's development, acting with respect, integrity and vision for the future in everything we do



Highlights



01. Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform
02. Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability
03. Unique culture and corporate governance

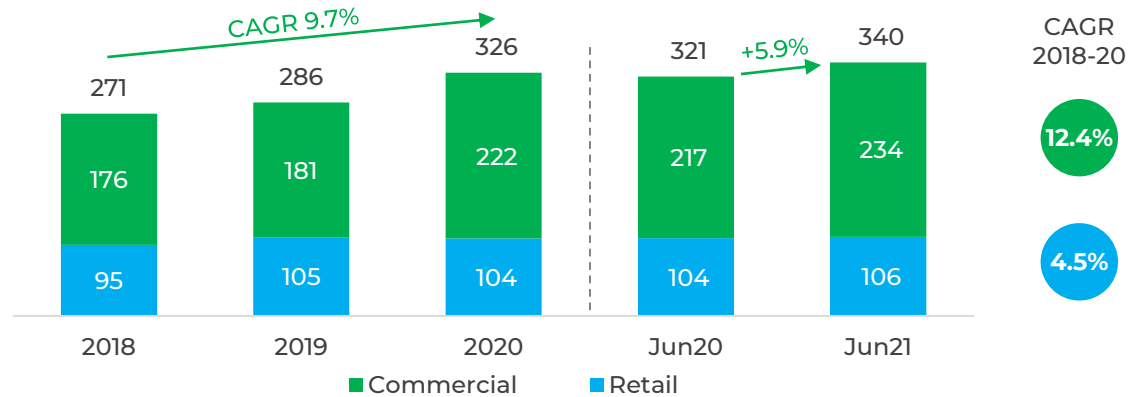


Appendix

Resilient financial system

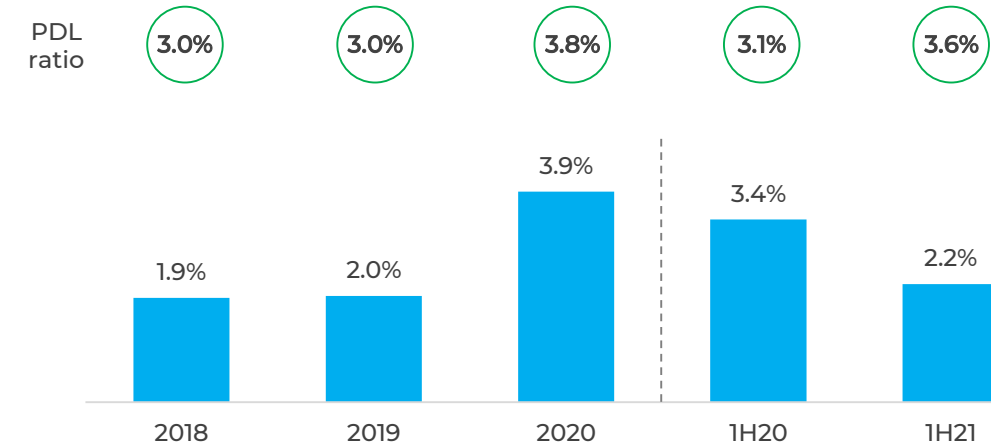
Gross loans growth

Banking system gross loans (S/ bn)



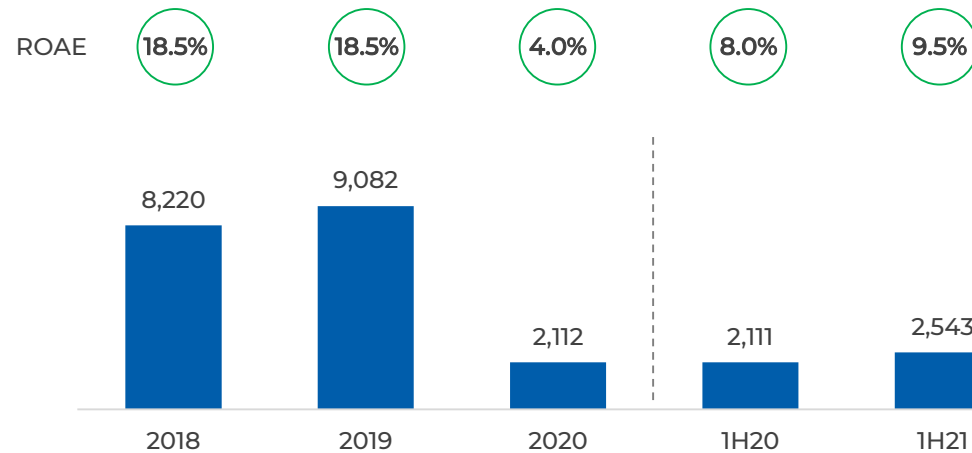
Asset quality evolution

Banking system CoR and PDL ratio



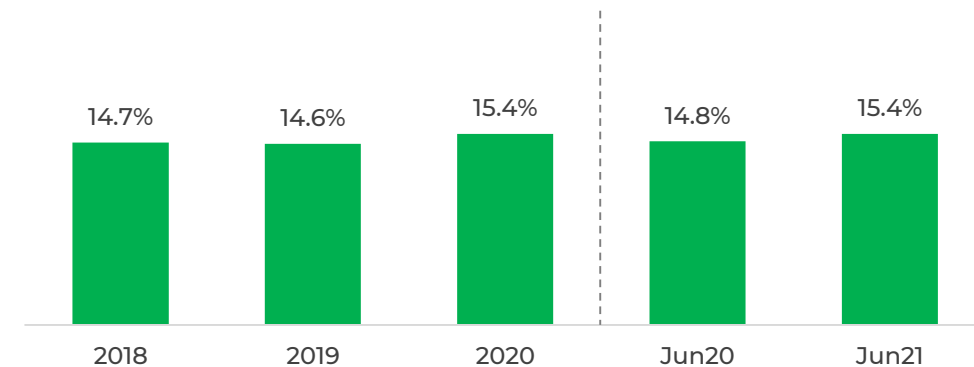
Sustained profitability, yet affected by COVID-19

Banking system net profit (S/ mm)



Solid total capital evolution

Banking system total capital ratio



Interbank's income statement

Income Statement (S/ mm)	2018	2019	2020	1H20	1H21	% chg '20/'19	% chg 1H21/1H20
Interest income	3,589.8	4,094.8	3,865.1	1,986.8	1,686.8	(5.6%)	(15.1%)
Interest expenses	(1,040.7)	(1,231.0)	(983.9)	(544.2)	(391.0)	(20.1%)	(28.2%)
Gross financial margin ⁽¹⁾	2,549.0	2,863.8	2,881.2	1,442.6	1,295.9	0.6%	(10.2%)
Provisions for loan losses, net	(803.5)	(911.3)	(1,995.7)	(847.3)	(619.5)	n.m.	(26.9%)
Net financial margin	1,745.5	1,952.5	885.5	595.3	676.4	(54.6%)	13.6%
Income from financial services	993.1	1,032.8	838.2	403.8	467.6	(18.8%)	15.8%
Expenses for financial services ⁽²⁾	(346.0)	(332.8)	(335.7)	(158.8)	(201.0)	0.9%	26.6%
Operating margin	2,392.6	2,652.5	1,388.0	840.3	943.0	(47.7%)	12.2%
Gain on financial transactions	417.5	529.2	407.5	203.4	296.7	(23.0%)	45.8%
Administrative expenses ⁽²⁾	(1,302.8)	(1,405.9)	(1,310.5)	(649.9)	(706.2)	(6.8%)	8.7%
Depreciation and Amortization	(141.1)	(163.6)	(181.0)	(85.6)	(93.6)	10.6%	9.4%
Net operating margin	1,366.2	1,612.1	304.0	308.4	439.9	(81.1%)	42.7%
Provision for contingencies and other provisions	(4.7)	(6.3)	(7.3)	(4.6)	(4.8)	15.9%	4.6%
Other income, net	2.7	10.9	(0.5)	(1.8)	(0.4)	n.m.	(75.6%)
Income before income tax	1,364.2	1,616.7	296.2	302.0	434.7	(81.7%)	43.9%
Income tax	(324.1)	(395.2)	(31.4)	(62.6)	(75.4)	(92.1%)	20.3%
Net income	1,040.1	1,221.5	264.8	239.4	359.3	(78.3%)	50.1%

Source: Interbank as of June 30, 2021.

1) Gross financial margin represents financial income less financial expenses.

2) Includes expenses related to the commissions and services related to credit cards issued to its customers in order to reflect more reliably the nature the transactions, amounting to S/ 18.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2018. These figures were reclassified from "Administrative expenses" to "Expenses for financial services".

Interbank's balance sheet

Financial Statements	2018	2019	2020	1H20	1H21	% chg '20/'19	% chg 1H21/1H20
Assets							
Cash and due from banks	8,209.9	9,861.5	17,716.8	13,826.8	16,680.4	79.7%	20.6%
Investments, net ⁽¹⁾	5,790.4	5,559.4	8,951.2	7,590.1	9,718.8	61.0%	28.0%
Loan portfolio, net	31,268.5	34,739.2	39,003.3	38,293.9	39,501.2	12.3%	3.2%
Property, furniture and equipment, net	420.5	408.2	381.1	85.6	96.1	(6.6%)	12.3%
Other assets ⁽²⁾	1,438.3	1,734.8	1,771.7	3,309.4	2,624.9	2.1%	(20.7%)
Total assets	47,127.6	52,303.1	67,824.1	63,105.7	68,621.3	29.7%	8.7%
Liabilities and equity							
Deposits and obligations	30,165.3	34,080.1	43,290.6	39,553.4	44,002.8	27.0%	11.2%
Deposits from financial entities	1,158.2	1,529.9	1,305.6	1,913.7	1,222.3	(14.7%)	(36.1%)
Interbank funds and due to banks and correspondents ⁽³⁾	3,968.7	3,831.4	9,388.1	7,681.6	8,695.5	n.m.	13.2%
Bonds, notes and other obligations	5,400.2	5,815.6	6,498.8	6,345.5	6,881.9	11.7%	8.5%
Provisions and other liabilities	1,128.4	1,017.1	1,157.5	1,622.3	1,675.8	13.8%	3.3%
Total liabilities	41,820.8	46,274.1	61,640.6	57,116.4	62,478.2	33.2%	9.4%
Shareholders' equity	5,306.8	6,029.0	6,183.4	5,989.3	6,143.1	2.6%	2.6%
Total liabilities and equity net	47,127.6	52,303.1	67,824.0	63,105.7	68,621.3	29.7%	8.7%

Source: Interbank as of June 30, 2021.

1) Comprised primarily of investments at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale investments and held to maturity investments.

2) Comprised primarily of other assets, net investment in subsidiaries and associates and deferred income tax, net.

3) Comprised primarily of deposits from financial entities payables from repurchase agreements and debts and financial obligations.

Definitions

Concept	Definition
Total revenues	Gross financial margin + fee income from financial services, net + gain on financial transactions
Efficiency ratio	$(\text{Administrative expenses} + \text{Depreciation} + \text{amortization}) / (\text{total revenues})$
NIM	$(\text{Annualized gross financial margin}) / (\text{Average interest-earning assets})$
NIM after provisions	$(\text{Annualized net financial margin}) / (\text{Average interest-earning assets})$
Interest earning assets	Loans + investments + cash and due from banks
Loan to deposit ratio	$(\text{Total gross loans}) / (\text{Deposits})$
Coverage ratio	$(\text{Allowances for loan losses}) / (\text{Past-due loans})$
PDL ratio	$(\text{Past-due loans}) / (\text{Total gross loans})$
CET1 ratio	$(\text{Core equity tier 1}) / (\text{Risk weighted assets})$
TCR ratio	$(\text{Regulatory capital}) / (\text{Risk weighted assets})$
Cost of risk	$(\text{Annualized provisions for loan losses, net}) / (\text{Average total gross loans})$
ROA	$(\text{Annualized net income}) / (\text{Average total assets})$
ROE	$(\text{Annualized net income}) / (\text{Average shareholder's equity})$

Reactiva Peru loan balances at Interbank

Reactiva Peru loan balances by segment

S/ million, Local GAAP

