

Safe Harbor for Forward-Looking Statements

This corporate presentation contains "forward looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements other than statements of historical facts included in this corporate presentation regarding Interbank's business, financial condition, results of operations and certain of Interbank's plans, objectives, assumptions, projections, expectations or beliefs and statements regarding other future events or prospects are forward-looking statements. These statements include, without limitation, those concerning: Interbank's strategy and Interbank's ability to achieve it; Interbank's recent developments; expectations regarding sales, profitability and growth; Interbank's possible or assumed future results of operations; capital expenditures and investment plans; adequacy of capital; and financing plans. In addition, this corporate presentation includes forward-looking statements relating to Interbank's potential exposure to various types of market risks, such as macroeconomic risk, Peru specific risks, foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risks and other risks related to Interbank's financial performance. The words "aim," "may," "will," "expect," "is expected to," "anticipate," "believe," "future," "continue," "help," "estimate," "plan," "schedule," "intend," "should," "would be," "seeks," "estimates," "shall," or the negative or other variations thereof, as well as other similar expressions regarding matters that are not historical facts, are or may indicate forward-looking statements.

Interbank has based these forward-looking statements on its management's current views with respect to future events and financial performance. These views reflect the best judgment of Interbank's management but involve a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially from those predicted in Interbank's forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the estimates reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, such estimates may prave to be incorrect. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, among other things: (a) economic, business and political developments in Peru and globally; (b) changes in Peruvian and other foreign laws and regulations, including the adoption of new capital requirements for banks; (c) increased competition in the Peruvian financial services market; (d) increased inflation; (e) exchange rate instability and government measures to control foreign exchange rates; (f) developments affecting the purchasing power of middle income consumers or consumer spending generally; (g) increases in interest rates; (h) downturns in the capital markets and consumers or consumer spending generally; (g) increases in interest rates; (h) downturns in the capital markets and consumers or consumers or securities issued by Peruvian companies; (i) Interbank's ability to keep up with technological changes; (j) the inability to obtain the capital we need for further expansion of Interbank's businesses; (k) the inability to attract and retain key personnel; (l) changes in tax laws; (m) severe weather, natural disasters and adverse climate changes; (n) changes in regional or global markets; (o) dependence on sovereign debt in Interbank's investment por

Additionally, new risks and uncertainties can emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for Interbank to predict all future risks and uncertainties, nor can Interbank assess their potential impact. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results.

All forward-looking statements included in this corporate presentation are based on information available to Interbank on the date of this corporate presentation. Interbank undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable law. All other written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Interbank or persons acting on Interbank's behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained throughout this corporate presentation.

Interbank prepares the financial information included in this presentation in accordance with accounting principles prescribed by the Peruvian Superintendency of Banks, Insurance and Private Pension Fund Administrators (Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y AFPs, or "SBS") and the Peruvian Securities Commission (Superintendencia del Mercado de Valores, or "SMV") (altogether, "Peruvian SBS GAAP" or "Local GAAP"). All financial information in this presentation regarding the relative market position and financial performance relating to us, vis-a-vis the banking sector in Peru is based, out of necessity, on information obtained from SBS statistics. In addition, for certain financial information related to our compound annual growth rate we have included such information pursuant to Peruvian SBS GAAP in order to be able to show our growth over a certain number of years. Peruvian SBS GAAP differs in certain respects from IFRS. Consequently, information presented in this presentation in accordance with Peruvian SBS GAAP or based on information from the SBS or SMV may not be comparable with financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS.





Leading bank in Peru with strong financial performance

Financial highlights

As of December 31, 2020

Assets S/ 67,824 mn

Gross loans S/ 41,594 mm

Deposits S/ 44,596 mm

ROE 4.3%

Efficiency ratio 39.3%

PDL ratio 3.4%

TCR ratio 17.0%

CET 1 ratio 11.5%

Leading position in the Peruvian financial system⁽¹⁾



4.3% ROE



27.5% Market share in credit cards



26.7% Market share in payroll loans⁽²⁾



22.0% Market share in consumer loans



215 Financial stores



1,640 ATM

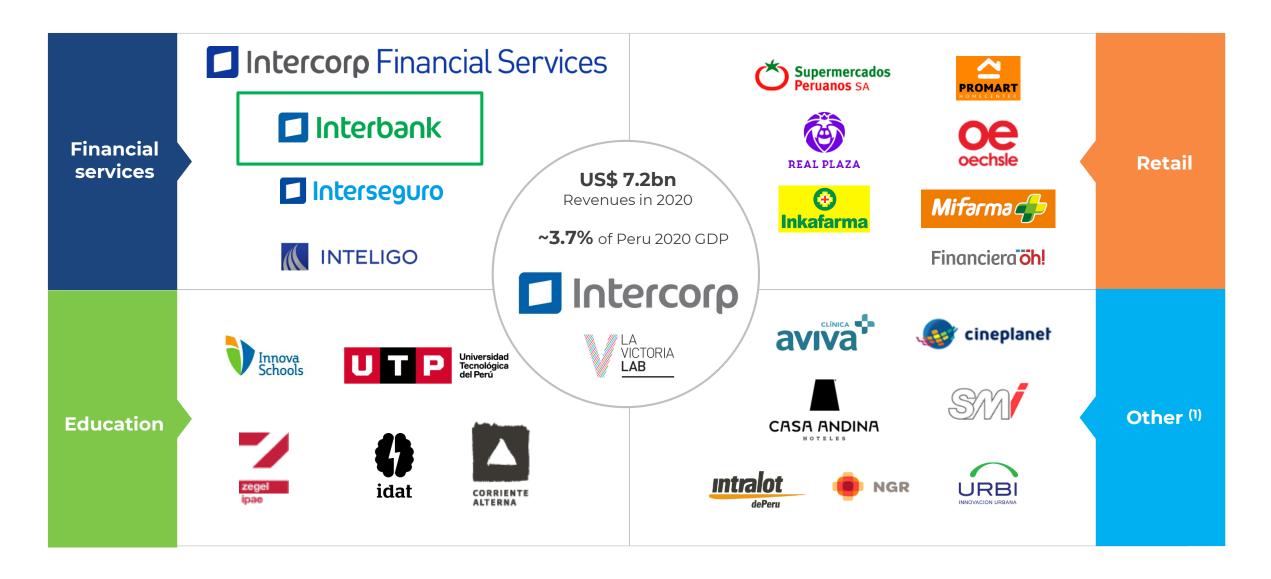


Source: Superintendencia de Banca, Seguros y AFP (SBS) and Interbank as of December 31, 2020.

¹⁾ Ranking among four largest Peruvian banks.

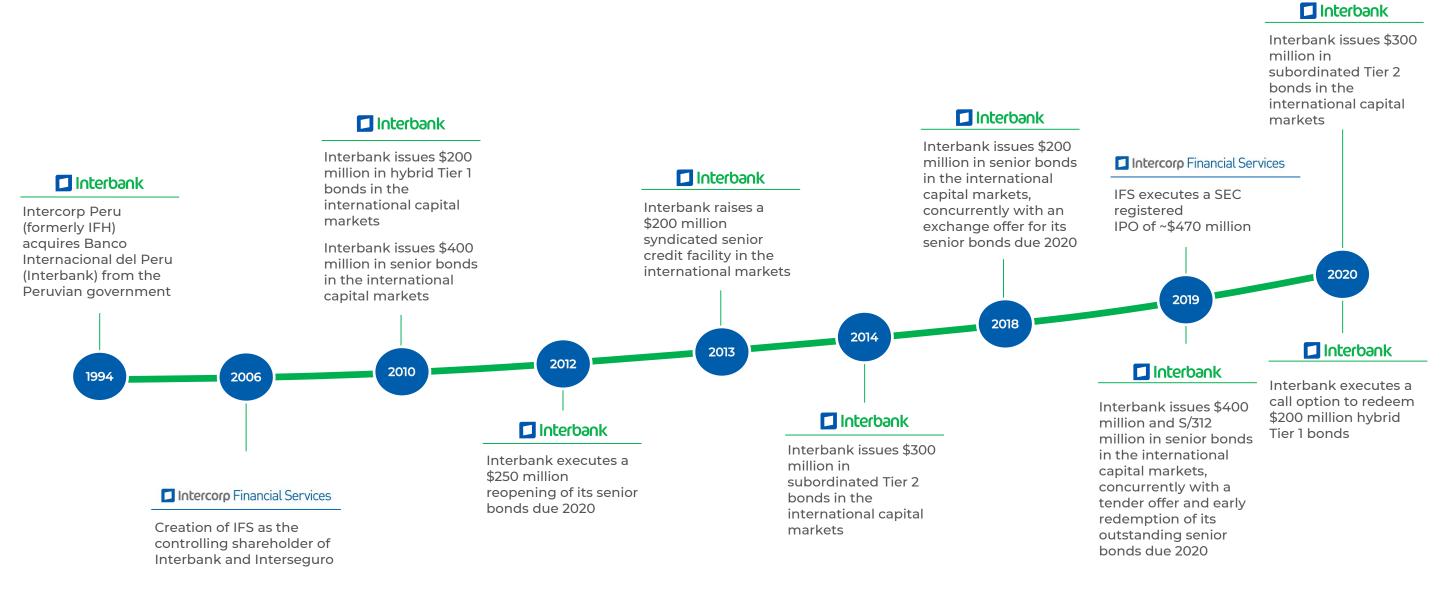
²⁾ Measured as performing payroll deductible loans to public sector employees, among private banks.

Intercorp Group: striving to make Peru the best place to raise a family in Latin America





Milestones in Interbank's history





Strategically positioned to capture significant growth opportunities in Peru

What differentiates us



Universal franchise with strong focus on retail



Customer centricity



Ready-to-scale omnichannel platform



Strong brand recognition



Story of sustainable growth and high profitability



Part of leading Peruvian business group



We are side by side with Peruvians so they can reach their dreams, today

How we do it



Deep knowledge of Peruvians through analytics



Digital first strategy



Innovation at the core



Trust of +4 million customers



Focus on efficiency and productivity



Unique, horizontal and agile working culture

The opportunity

32.5 million POPULATION IN PERU

17.5 million

Economically active population

4.0 million Interbank customers

~ 9.8 million BUSINESSES IN PERU

~ 100 thousand Interbank customers



Scalable digital platform already in place



2010 - 2014

Store-centric model focused on physical convenience



2015 - 2018

Omnichannel platform with strong focus on digital and analytics



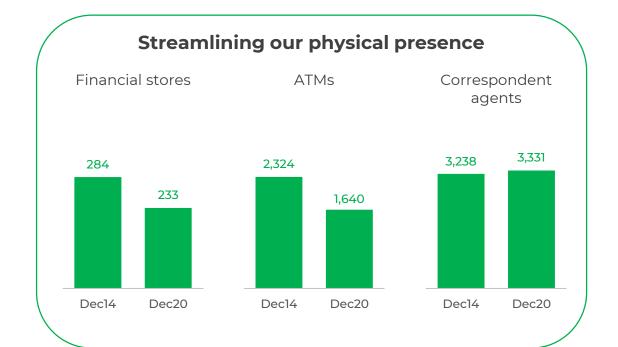
2019 - Onwards

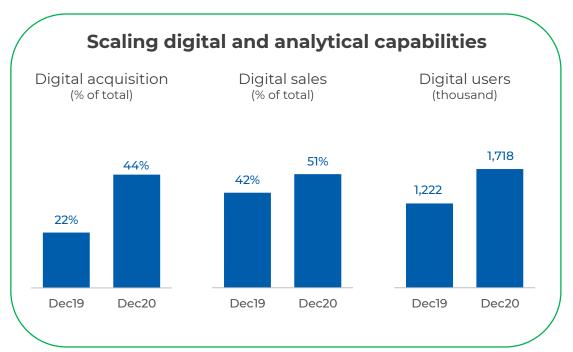
Search for exponential growth

- Transactional online banking
- Monday to Sunday, from 9 am to 9 pm
- 1st agile development team (Feb. 2014)

- Digital sales and self-service capabilities
- Launching of digital only solutions
- 3x investment in technology

- Digital capabilities in place to boost growth
- · Advanced analytics and real time decision
- Enterprise agility & cloud
- Open banking model w/ microservices and APIs







Key messages



Activity recovering despite macro and political uncertainty

2



Strong balance sheet

3



Digital trends support Interbank's strategy

4



Lower provisions continue to reflect better payment behavior

5

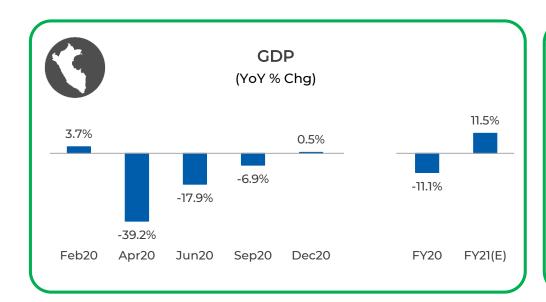


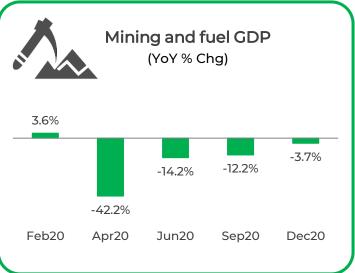
Continued focus on efficiency

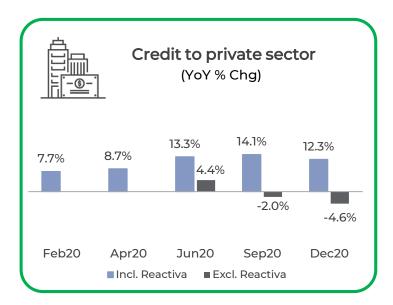


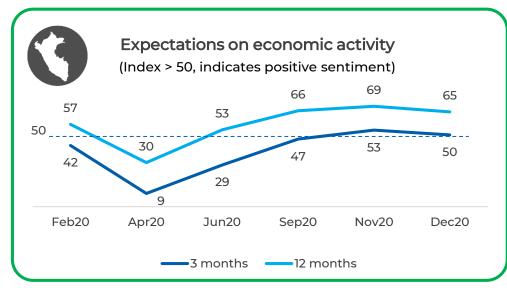
Moderate recovery in macro activity

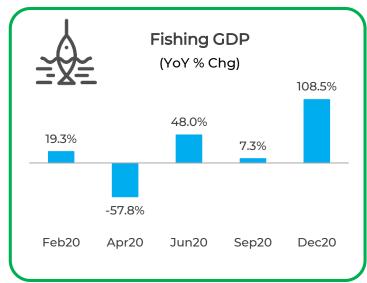


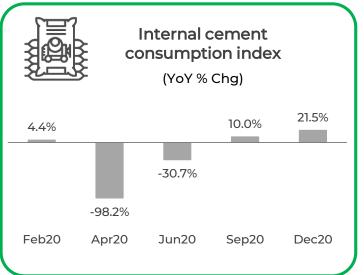












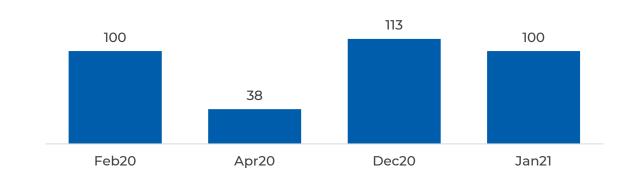


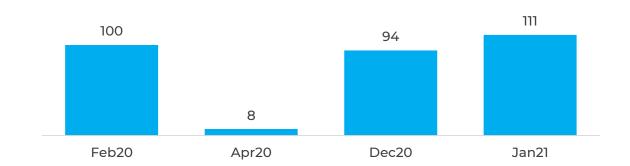
Continued improvement in our core operating indicators



Credit and debit cards turnover (Index; 100 = Feb20)

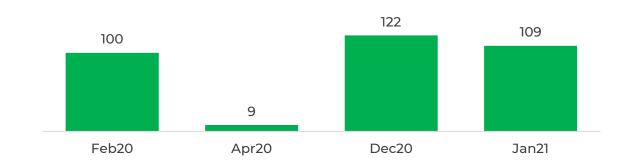
Payroll deduction loans disbursements (Index; 100 = Feb20)

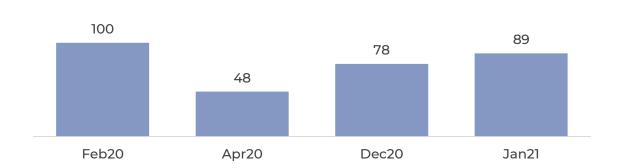




Mortgages disbursements (Index; 100 = Feb20)

Net fee income (Index; 100 = Feb20)



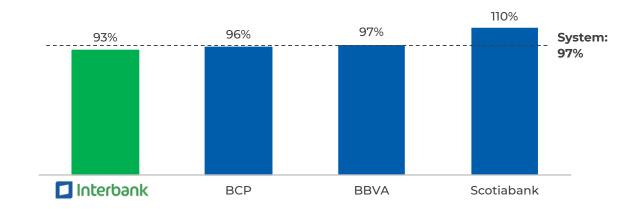


Liquidity levels remain high in 4Q20 with growing deposit base



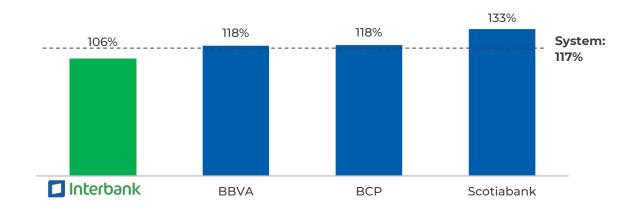
Loan to deposit ratio (LDR)

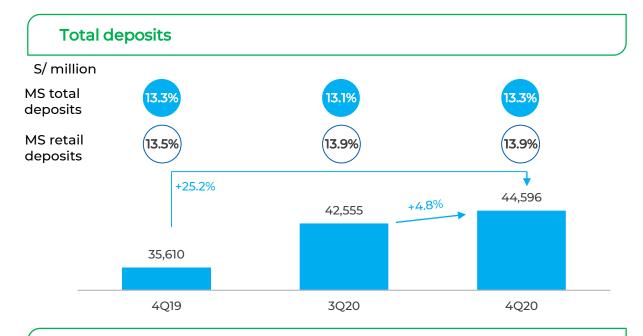
% as of December 31, 2020



Loan to deposit ratio PEN (LDR)

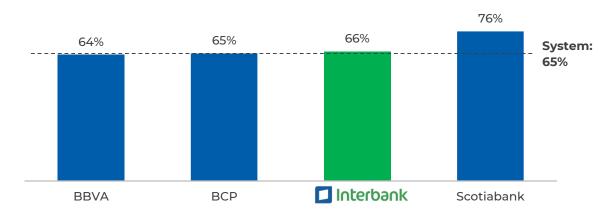
% as of December 31, 2020





Loan to deposit ratio USD (LDR)

% as of December 31, 2020





Strengthened capital ratios

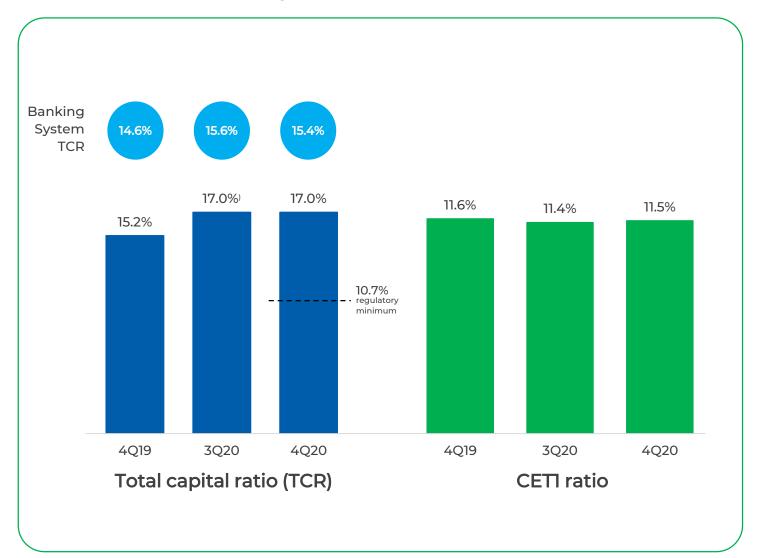


Key initiatives

Solvency

- Capitalization of 2019 earnings to strengthen CETI and TCR ratio
- Called USD 200 million hybrid Tier 1 bond to reduce interest expense on bonds that no longer provided equity credit
- Issuance of a US\$ 300 million subordinated
 Tier 2 bond in July 2020 to strengthen TCR
- Interbank's capital ratio of 17.0%, above regulatory risk-adjusted minimum capital ratio requirement of 10.7%

Capital ratio evolution

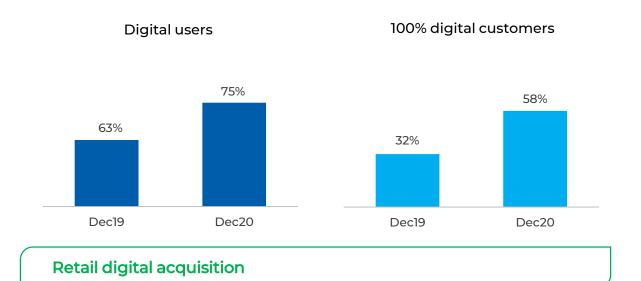




Continuous improvement in our digital indicators



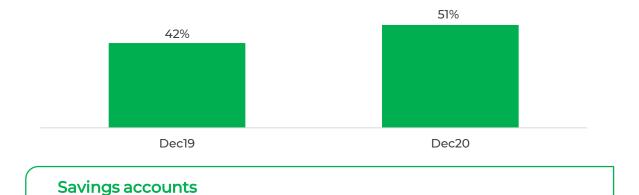
Digital users and 100% digital consumers



% of monthly retail customers "born digitally"

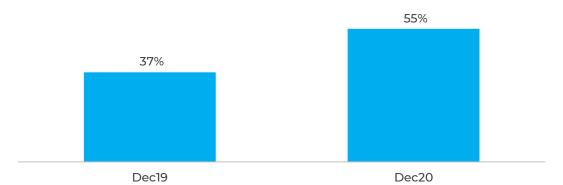


% of products sold digitally



% of savings accounts opened digitally

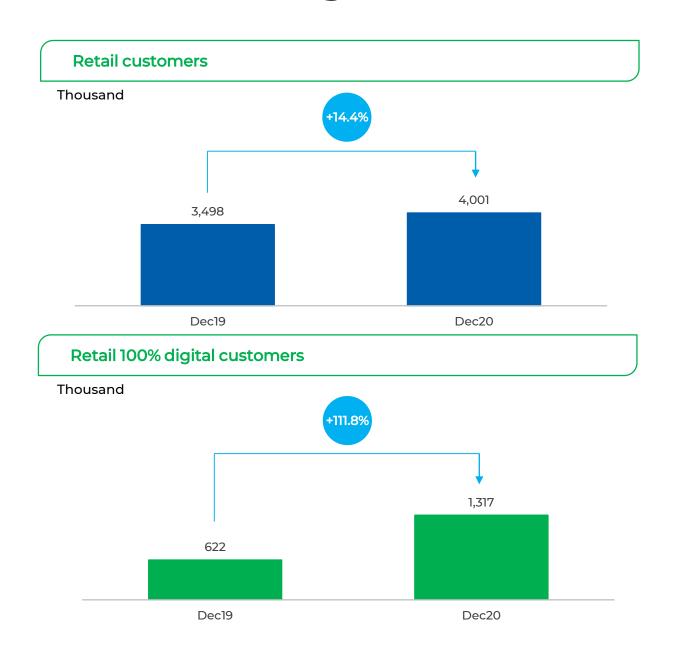


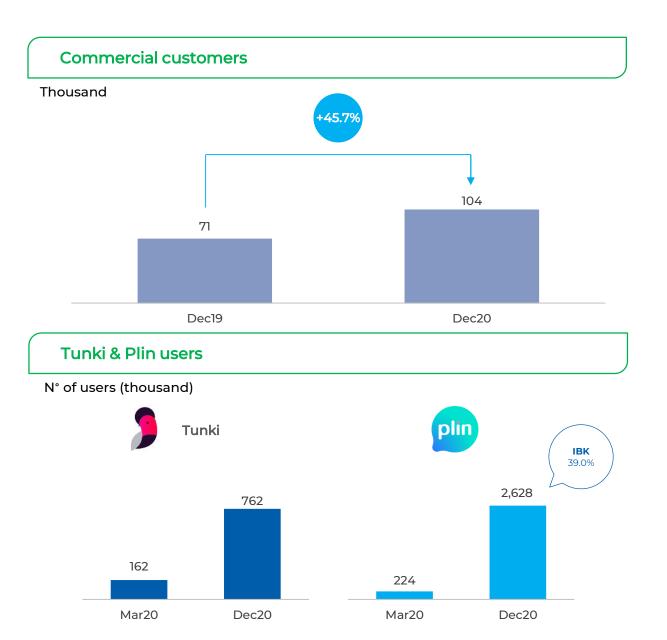




Growing customer base, thanks to digital



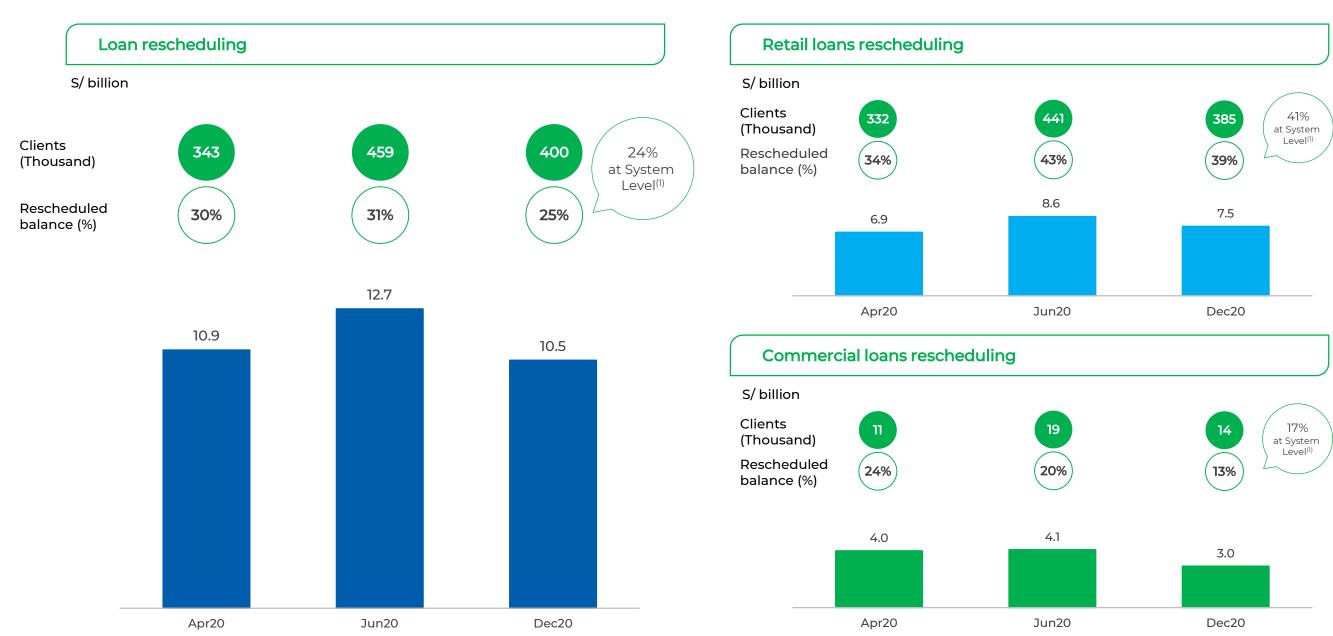






Lower rescheduled loan balances





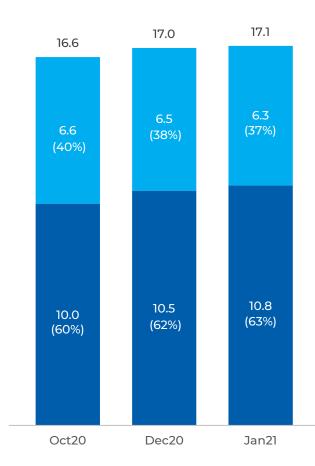
Improving payment behavior among retail clients



Retail loan balances with payments due

% of retail loans with payments due





■ Non-rescheduled

Payment behavior

Payments of rescheduled loans

92.6%

Oct20

Collected

π**3**90 '

1.2% C

Requested relief

0.5% Jan21

6.2%

Oct20

Not paid

3.3% Jan21

Payments of non-rescheduled loans

Collected

Requested relief

Not paid



97.9% Oct 20

98.5%Jan21

96.2%

Jan21

0.2% Oct20

Oct20

Jan21

0.1%

iiix

闘(文)

1.9% Oct20

1.4%

Jan21

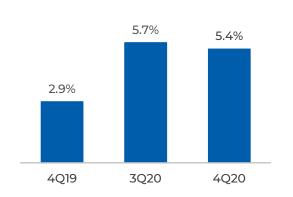


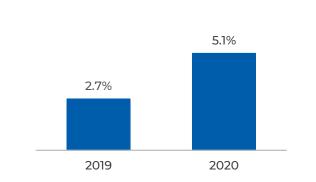
Rescheduled

High provisions following a precautionary approach

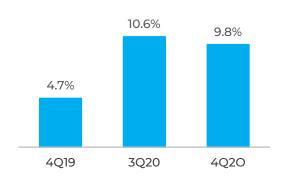


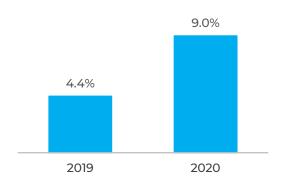




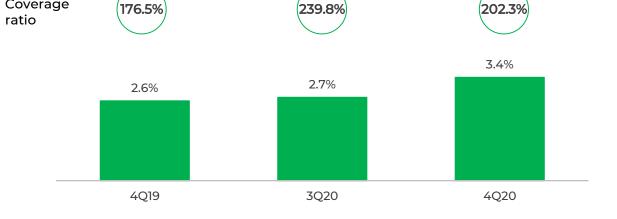




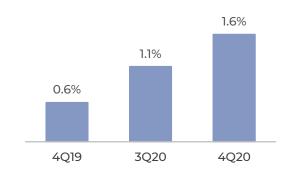


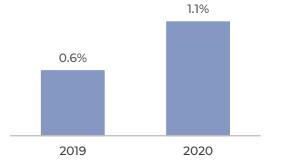






Cost of risk - Commercial banking







Efficiency as our guiding principle to deal with the adverse environment

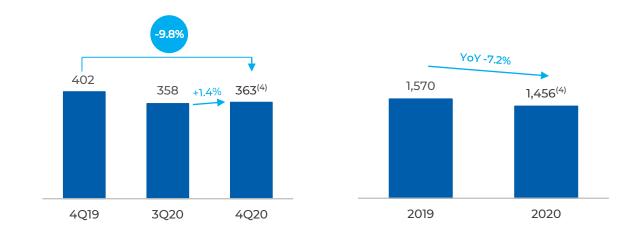


Optimizing our distribution channels

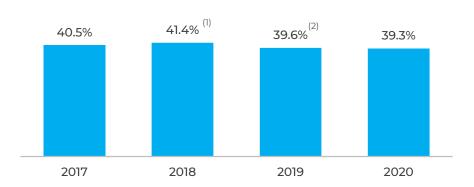
Units

		2018	2020	% Change
	Financial stores	270	215	-20%
	ATMs	1,975	1,640	-17%
	Correspondent agents	2,506	3,331	+33%
1	Sales force	598	524	-12%
O	Call center agents	340	299	-12%

Reducing total expenses⁽³⁾ following cost containment measures



Focus on efficiency ratio



- During 2020 we closed 40 branches, accumulating almost a 26% reduction from its peak in 2016, down to 215 branches
- Lower credit card and marketing variable expenses
- Lower HR variable expenses
- Implementation of specific cost containment programs

Source: Interbank as of December 31, 2020.

- Excludes gain on sale of securities for S/ 128.6 million in January 2018. Including this effect efficiency ratio was 40.0% in 2018.
- Excludes (i) gain on sale of Interfondos to Inteligo for S/52.6 million in January 2019, (ii) gain on sale of IFS shares in NYSE, excluding brokerage fees, for S/121.3 million in July 2019 and (iii) the one-off impact of a Liability Management transaction for S/ 42.3 million in 4Q19. Including these effects efficiency ratio was 38.3% in 2019.
- Total expenses are defined as Administrative expenses + Depreciation + Amortization.
- Excluding a S/35.2 million effect of higher profit sharing due to the accounting of non-tax deductible voluntary provisions in 4Q20.



Operating trends 2021

Capital

To remain at sound levels, well above regulatory requirements

TCR > 15% CETI > 11%

Loan growth

Slow recovery in retail, and decreasing volumes in commercial

Revenues

Soft top line recovery

Pressure on NII and NIM despite lower cost of funds

Cost of risk

Lower cost of risk after peak in 2020



Summary



Activity recovering despite macro and political uncertainty

2



Strong balance sheet

3



Digital trends support Interbank's strategy 4



Lower provisions continue to reflect better payment behavior

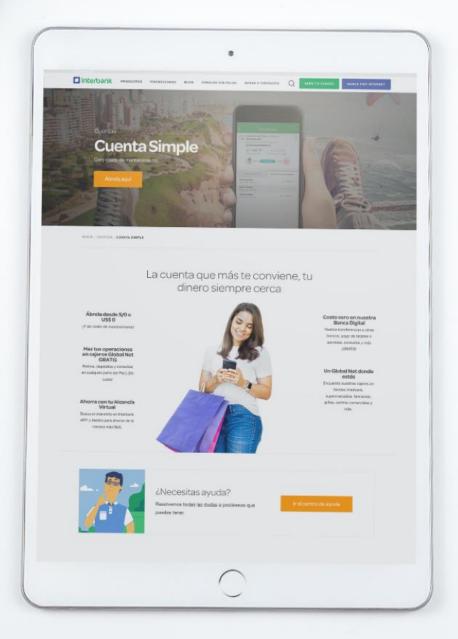
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Continued focus on efficiency



Highlights



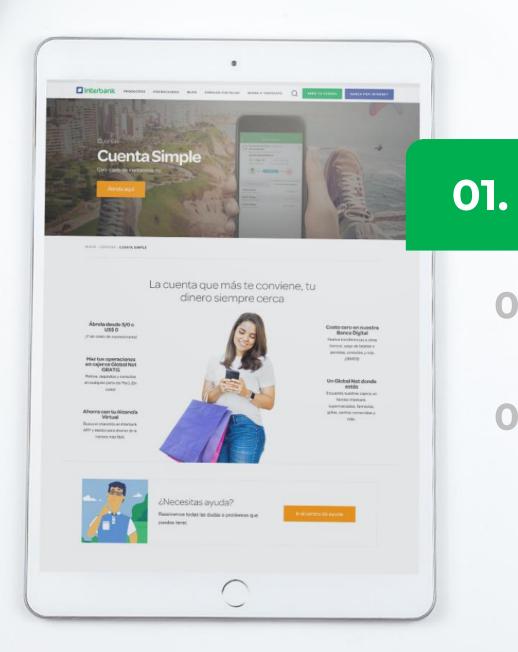


- O1. Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform
- Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability
- 03. Unique culture and corporate governance



Highlights





Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform

Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability

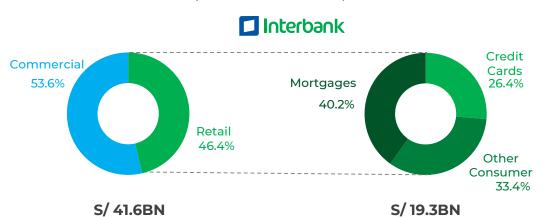
03. Unique culture and corporate governance



Distinctive focus on retail customers and consumer loans Interbank

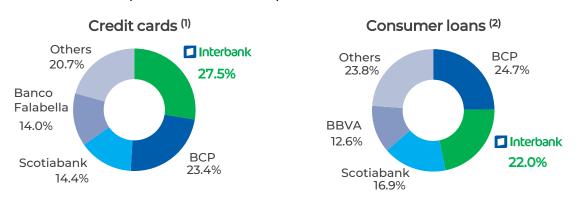
Strategic focus on retail and consumer loans...

Gross loans breakdown (as of December 2020)



Leading position in credit cards and consumer loans

Market share (as of December 2020)



Source: SBS as of December 2020. Note: Under Peruvian SBS GAAP. Banks include international branches.

...when compared to the banking system

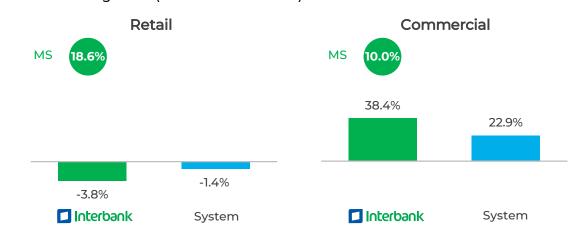
Gross loans breakdown (as of December 2020)

Banking System



Outgrowing the overall banking system

Gross loans growth (December 2020 YoY)

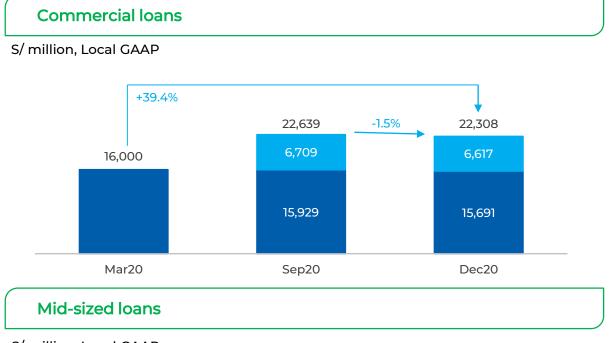




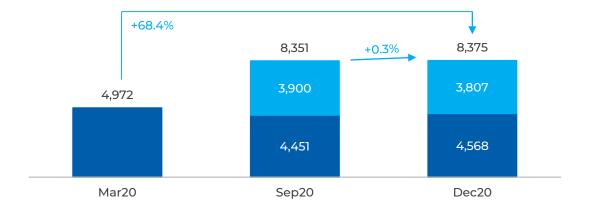
¹⁾ Consumer credit card loans.

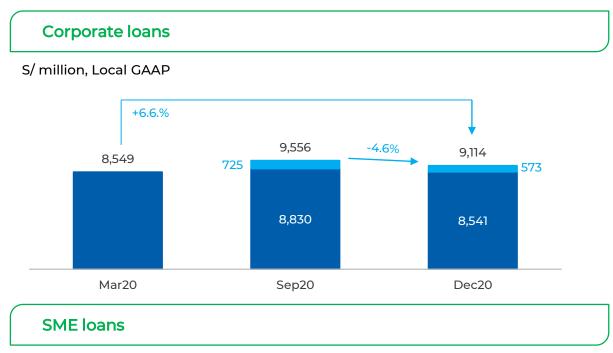
Consumer loans do not include mortgage loans.

Reactiva Peru Program as an opportunity to gain relevance in the mid-sized and SME segments

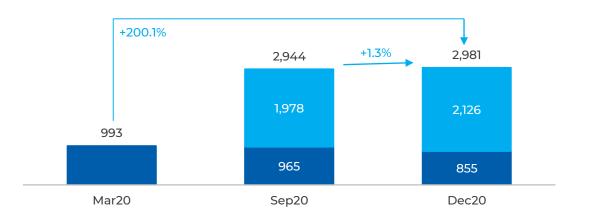


S/ million, Local GAAP





S/ million, Local GAAP



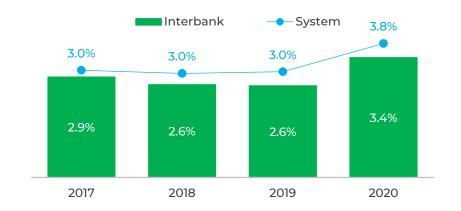




Solid risk management capabilities Interbank

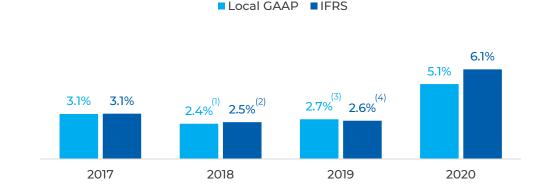
Better asset quality than the system despite focus on retail

PDL ratio evolution



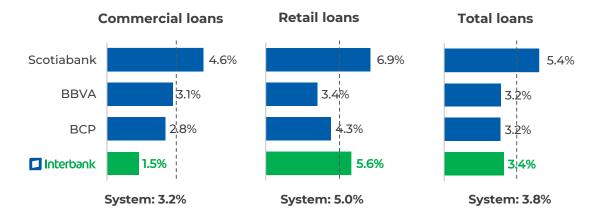
Adequate provisioning level...

Cost of risk (Provision expense as % of average total loans)



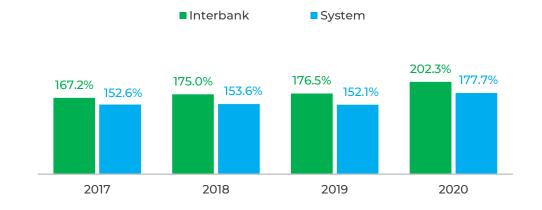
Balanced asset quality among businesses

PDL ratio as of December 2020



...results in strong coverage ratio

Coverage ratio (5) evolution



Source: SBS and Company information as of December 2020.

¹⁾ Cost of risk excluding the effect of voluntary provisions for S/100.0 million to cover potential risks related to the construction sector, net of a release of S/30.0 million. Including these items, cost of risk was 2.7% in 2018.

²⁾ Cost of risk excluding the effect of a reversion of construction sector provisions for S/83.0 million in 2018. Including this item, cost of risk was 2.2% in such period.

Cost of risk excluding the effect of a release of S/15.4 million of voluntary provisions to cover potential risks related to the construction sector in 2019. Including this item, cost of risk remained at 2.7% in such period.

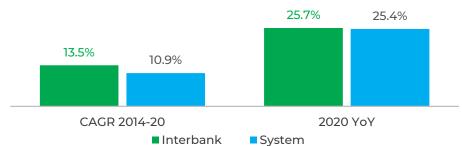
Cost of risk excluding the effect of a reversion of payroll deduction loan provisions for S/38.8 million and a reversion of loan loss provisions for S/104.1 million, both in 2019. Including this item, cost of risk was 2.2% in period.

⁵⁾ Defined as allowance for loan losses as a percentage of past-due loans.

Diversified funding base with strength in retail deposits Interbank

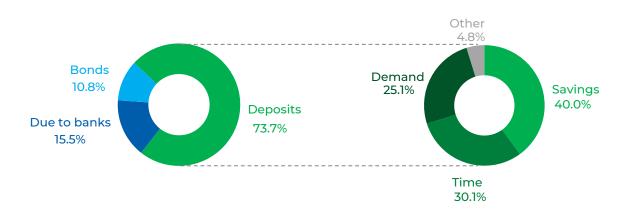
Consistently delivering higher deposit growth than the system

Total deposits growth evolution MS 2014 11.6% MS 2020 13.3%



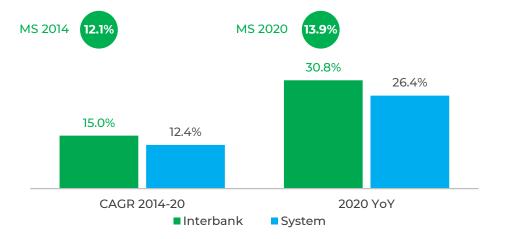
Significant deposits base

Funding base breakdown (as of December 2020)

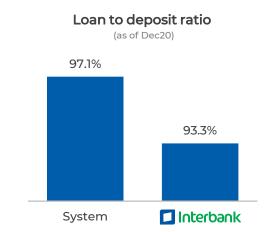


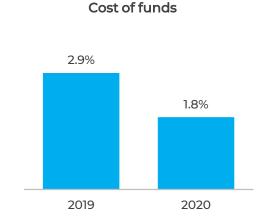
A growing retail deposit-gathering franchise





Solid loan to deposit ratio and decreasing cost of funds







Our strategy is based on digital and analytics

We have built an scalable digital platform...

... leveraging advanced analytics



Increasing levels of adoption and customer satisfaction

Digital sales and new customer acquisition

Developing new businesses

More and better models

- Predictive and prescriptive models to improve effectiveness
- Machine learning and deep learning

Faster time to market

- Efficient execution with cloud processing
- Clean, consistent and traceable data



Highlights





Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform

Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability

03. Unique culture and corporate governance



Sustained loan growth supported by appropriate funding

S/ mm

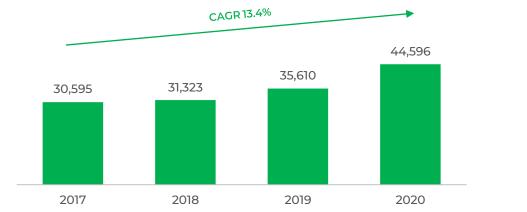




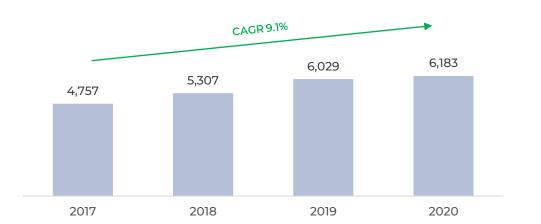
Total assets







Net shareholders' equity





S/mm

Interbank's profitability impacted by COVID-19

Total revenues (1)

S/ mm

CAGR 4.3%

3,346

3,614

4,093

3,791

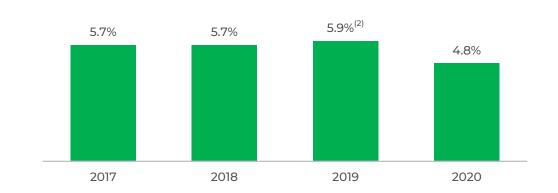
2017

2018

2019

2020

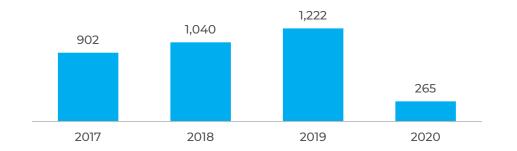
Net interest margin (NIM)

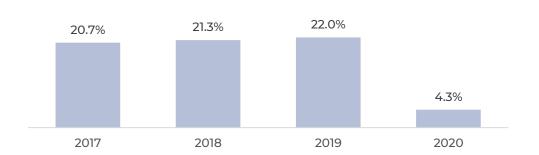


Net profit evolution

S/ mm

ROE







¹⁾ Total revenues calculated as the sum of gross financial margin, fee income from financial services, net, and income from financial transactions.

²⁾ Excluding the one-off impact of a Liability Management transaction in our banking segment for S/ 42.3 million in 2019.

Highlights





- O1. Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform
- Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability

Unique culture and corporate governance



Evolving cultural transformation

Comprehensive transformational approach



More than 100 teams working with agile framework

Innovation Labs





New initiatives























A "Great Place to Work" with a distinctive culture and strong sense of achievement for new talent



Our commitment to fostering a performance-based culture is demonstrated by being ranked among the top Peruvian and Latin American companies



Top 20 in Peru for the past 19 years

#8 in Latin America in 2020

#2 in Peru in 2020

#6 for women in Peru in 2020

#4 for millennials in Peru in 2020

#6 for diversity and inclusion in Peru in 2020

Our strategic values



Integrity











Sense of humor

Passion for service

Courage

Innovation

Collaboration

Strong corporate governance

Board of Directors



Carlos Rodríguez-Pastor
Chairman



Ramón Barúa Director



Fernando ZavalaDirector



Felipe Morris
Director



Cayetana Aljovín Independent Director



Alfonso Bustamante Independent Director



Hugo Santa María Independent Director



David Fischman
Independent Director



Carlos Heeren Independent Director

BOD with majority of independent members

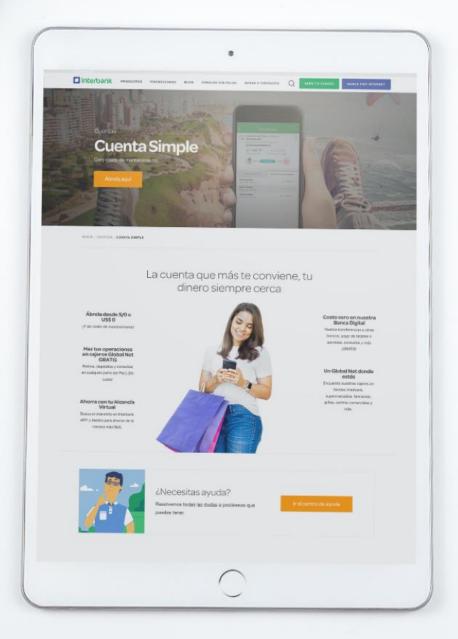
Interbank: 5 out of 9

Strong corporate governance

- Relevant committees:
 - Audit
 - Executive
 - Integral Risk Committee
 - Corporate governance
 - Credit directive
- Highly supervised related party exposure, well below regulatory limits



Highlights





- O1. Unique and diversified bank with ready-to-scale omnichannel platform
- Outstanding track record of sustainable growth and high profitability
- 03. Unique culture and corporate governance



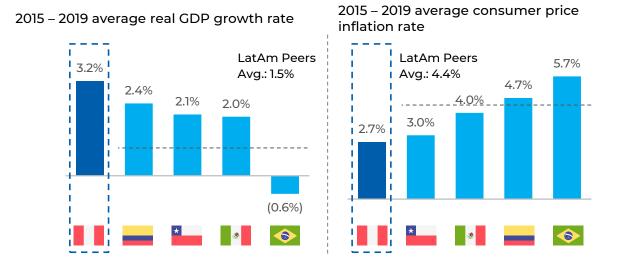




Appendix

Historical macroeconomic performance

Growing economy with low inflation levels

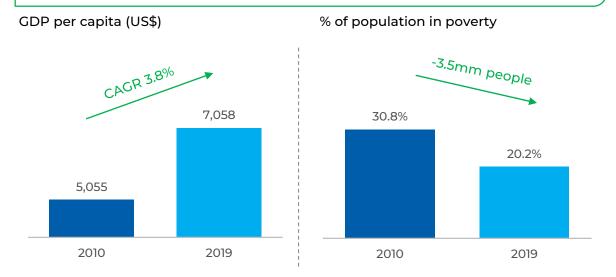


Most stable currency in the region

Indexed to 100



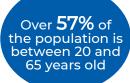
Growing GDP per capita and declining poverty rates



Expanding middle-upper socioeconomic segments

Peruvian households by socioeconomic segment (% of households)

Socioeconomic Segments	2010	2019
A	2.7%	2.3%
В	10.3% - 42%	13.8% - 52%
С	28.9%	35.5%
D	35.0%	31.8%
E	23.1%	16.6%

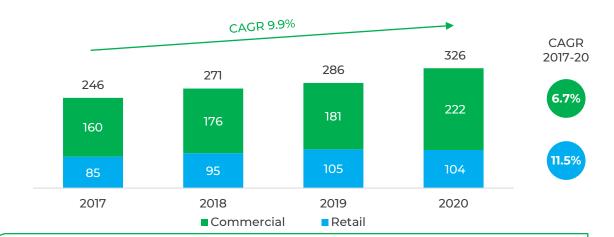




Sound and profitable financial system with low penetration levels

Gross loans growth

Banking system gross loans (S/bn)



Strong profitability and capitalization levels

Banking system ROE (%)

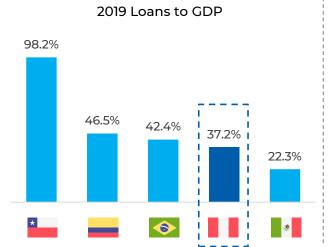


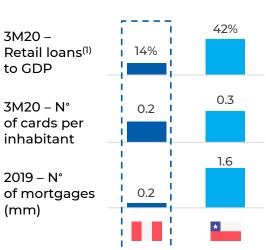
High asset quality

Banking system cost of risk and PDL ratio



Largely underpenetrated market across segments







Interbank's income statement

Income Statement (S/ mm)	2017	2018	2019	2020	% chg '19/'18	% chg '20/'19
Interest income	3,369.4	3,589.8	4,094.8	3,865.1	14.1%	(5.6%)
Interest expenses	(1,010.3)	(1,040.7)	(1,231.0)	(983.9)	18.3%	(20.1%)
Gross financial margin (1)	2,359.0	2,549.0	2,863.8	2,881.2	12.3%	0.6%
Provisions for loan losses, net	(817.6)	(803.5)	(911.3)	(1,995.7)	13.4%	n.m.
Net financial margin	1,541.4	1,745.5	1,952.5	885.5	11.9%	(54.6%)
Income from financial services	960.1	993.1	1,032.8	838.2	4.0%	(18.8%)
Expenses for financial services (2)	(331.5)	(346.0)	(332.8)	(335.7)	(3.8%)	0.9%
Operating margin	2,170.0	2,392.6	2,652.5	1,388.0	n.m.	(47.7%)
Gain on financial transactions	358.0	417.5	529.2	407.5	26.8%	(23.0%)
Administrative expenses (2)	(1,224.8)	(1,302.8)	(1,405.9)	(1,310.5)	7.9%	(6.8%)
Depreciation	(64.4)	(67.2)	(72.5)	(89.8)	7.9%	23.9%
Amortization	(64.8)	(73.9)	(91.2)	(91.2)	23.4%	0.0%
Net operating margin	1,174.0	1,366.2	1,612.1	304.0	18.0%	(81.1%)
Provision for contingencies and other provisions	(16.3)	(4.7)	(6.3)	(7.3)	34.0%	15.9%
Other income, net	40.5	2.7	10.9	(0.5)	n.m.	n.m.
Income before income tax	1,198.2	1,364.2	1,616.7	296.2	18.5%	(81.7%)
Income tax	(296.2)	(324.1)	(395.2)	(31.4)	21.9%	(92.1%)
Net income	902.0	1,040.1	1,221.5	264.8	17.4%	(78.3%)



Source: Interbank as of December 31, 2020.

¹⁾ Gross financial margin represents financial income less financial expenses.
2) Includes expenses related to the commissions and services related to credit cards issued to its customers in order to reflect more reliably the nature the transactions, amounting to S/18.9 million and S/15.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2018, and 2017 respectively. These figures were reclassified from "Administrative expenses" to "Expenses financial services".

Interbank's balance sheet

Financial Statements	2017	2018	2019	2020	% chg '19/'18	% chg '20/'19
Assets						
Cash and due from banks	11,036.5	8,209.9	9,861.5	17,716.8	20.1%	79.7%
Investments, net (1)	6,076.4	5,790.4	5,559.4	8,951.2	(4.0%)	61.0%
Loan portfolio, net	26,771.4	31,268.5	34,739.2	39,003.3	11.1%	12.3%
Property, furniture and equipment, net	429.4	420.5	408.2	381.1	(2.9%)	(6.6%)
Other assets (2)	1,008.5	1,438.3	1,734.8	1,771.7	20.6%	2.1%
Total assets	45,322.2	47,127.6	52,303.1	67,824.1	11.0%	29.7%
Liabilities and equity						
Deposits and obligations	29,487.7	30,165.3	34,080.1	43,290.6	13.0%	27.0%
Deposits from financial entities	1,107.0	1,158.2	1,529.9	1,305.6	32.1%	(14.7%)
Interbank funds and due to banks and correspondents (5)	4,416.7	3,968.7	3,831.4	9,388.1	(3.5%)	n.m.
Bonds, notes and other obligations	4,538.0	5,400.2	5,815.6	6,498.8	7.7%	11.7%
Provisions and other liabilities	1,015.8	1,128.4	1,017.1	1,157.5	(9.9%)	13.8%
Total liabilities	40,565.2	41,820.8	46,274.1	61,640.6	10.6%	33.2%
Shareholders' equity	4,757.0	5,306.8	6,029.0	6,183.4	13.6%	2.6%
Total liabilities and equity net	45,322.2	47,127.6	52,303.1	67,824.0	11.0%	29.7%



Source: Interbank as of December 31, 2020.

¹⁾ Comprised primarily of investments at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale investments and held to maturity investments.

²⁾ Comprised primarily of other assets, net investment in subsidiaries and associates and deferred income tax, net.

³⁾ Comprised primarily of deposits from financial entities payables from repurchase agreements and debts and financial obligations.

Definitions

Concept	Definition Definition
Total revenues	Gross financial margin + fee income from financial services, net + gain on financial transactions
Efficiency ratio	(Administrative expenses + Depreciation + amortization) / (total revenues)
NIM	(Annualized gross financial margin) / (Average interest-earning assets)
NIM after provisions	(Annualized net financial margin) / (Average interest-earning assets)
Interest earning assets	Loans + investments + cash and due from banks
Loan to deposit ratio	(Total gross loans) / (Deposits)
Coverage ratio	(Allowances for loan losses) / (Past-due loans)
PDL ratio	(Past-due loans) / (Total gross loans)
CETI ratio	(Core equity tier 1) / (Risk weighted assets)
TCR ratio	(Regulatory capital) / (Risk weighted assets)
Cost of risk	(Annualized provisions for loan losses, net) / (Average total gross loans)
ROA	(Annualized net income) / (Average total assets)
ROE	(Annualized net income) / (Average shareholder's equity)



